

Big game

2009

UTAH BIG GAME GUIDEBOOK



Big game in Utah

Ready to hunt big game in Utah? You know you can plan on an unforgettable adventure!

Across the state, you'll find sleek, healthy herds of mule deer, elk and pronghorn. Some of you will even have a chance to hunt moose, bison, bighorn sheep and Rocky Mountain goats.

You'll also have more opportunities to enjoy the outdoors with your family and friends. In 2009, one in five general season deer permits will go to youth hunters.

There are a variety of management and regulation changes this year. Before you hop online to apply for permits or research hunt boundaries, take a minute to read the highlights on pages 3–6. You'll learn about new and expanded hunts, and changes to the statewide archery season, the Dedicated Hunter program, and the bonus point and preference point systems.

Thank you for choosing to hunt in Utah! We hope you enjoy a safe, fun and successful season in 2009.

Please be aware that this guidebook summarizes the rules and laws that regulate big game hunting in Utah. For an in-depth look at these rules and laws, you can visit wildlife.utah.gov/rules or the nearest Division office.

The guidebook is a proclamation of the Utah Wildlife Board. Do you have feedback or suggestions for board members? You can find their contact information online at wildlife.utah.gov.

CONTENTS

3	Contact information
3	Highlights
6	General season dates
7	License and permit fees
8	Hunters with disabilities
9	Basic requirements
11	Types of permits
14	What can I apply for?
15	Applying for a big game permit
17	Waiting periods
18	Bonus points
20	Preference points
21	Surrendering a permit
22	Permit refunds and exchanges
23	2010 sportsman permits
25	Dedicated Hunter program
26	Chronic wasting disease
28	Buck deer hunting
31	Bull elk hunting
35	Buck pronghorn hunting
35	Once-in-a-lifetime hunting
38	CWMU permits
40	Field requirements
40	Hunting hours
40	Hunter orange requirement
41	Firearms and archery equipment
43	Areas with special restrictions
45	Prohibited hunting methods
47	Tagging, transporting and exporting big game
49	Possession of antlers and horns
50	Hunt tables
50	Mandatory reporting
76	Reference maps
82	Definitions
84	Depredation hunts

On the cover: Thanks to Tye Boulter for the photograph of an Oquirrh Mountains bull elk. Tye is a local videographer and photographer who enjoys hunting and photographing Utah's wildlife.

Contact us

Offices are open 7 a.m. – 6 p.m.,
Monday through Thursday.

Division offices

Salt Lake Office

1594 W North Temple
P.O. Box 146301
Salt Lake City, UT 84114-6301
(801) 538-4700

Southeastern Region

319 N Carbonville Road, Ste A
Price, UT 84501
(435) 613-3700

Southern Region

P.O. Box 606
1470 N Airport Road
Cedar City, UT 84720
(435) 865-6100

Central Region

1115 N Main Street
Springville, UT 84663
(801) 491-5678

Northeastern Region

152 E 100 N
Vernal, UT 84078
(435) 781-9453

Northern Region

515 E 5300 S
Ogden, UT 84405
(801) 476-2740

Wildlife Board members

Paul Niemeyer, Chair	Ernie Perkins
Rick Woodard, Vice Chair	Tom Hatch
Lee Howard	Del Brady
Keele Johnson	
James F. Karpowitz,	
<i>Division Director, Executive Secretary</i>	

HIGHLIGHTS

What's new this season?

More spike elk hunting statewide: In 2009, you can purchase a permit to hunt spike bulls on most of Utah's limited-entry bull elk hunting units. To learn more, please see pages 31–32.

Changes to the Dedicated Hunter program: This year, for the first time, there will be a drawing to select the newest participants in the Dedicated Hunter program. There are also significant changes to the application process and program requirements. For details, please see page 25.

Nine-day rifle deer hunt in most areas:

Across the state, the general any legal weapon (rifle) deer hunt will last for nine days. There are, however, a few hunting units where the season will be shorter. Those units are South Slope (Vernal), La Sal (La Sal Mountains), Central Mountains (Nebo), Oquirrh-Stansbury and Monroe. For more information, please see pages 28–29.

Changes to bonus points and preference points:

There have been some changes to how you can accrue, use, lose and surrender your points. These changes will affect residents, non-residents and group hunters. For all of the details, please see pages 18–22.

Archers, dedicated hunters and lifetime license holders must choose a region

If you are an archer, a dedicated hunter or a lifetime license holder who obtains a general archery buck deer permit, you must choose a single region where you will hunt from Aug. 15 to Sept. 1. Starting Sept. 2, you can hunt open units statewide for the remainder of the season. For more information, please see page 28.

More permits for youth hunters: If you're a general season deer hunter—and you're 18 years old or younger—you now have a better chance of drawing a permit. In the past, 15 percent of the total number of permits were reserved for youth. In 2009, that figure will increase to 20 percent. To learn more, please see the information box on page 15.

New and discontinued management

hunts: This year, you can apply for the new any legal weapon buck deer management hunts that will be held on the Henry Mountains and Paunsaugunt limited-entry units. For more information, please see pages 30 and 51. The management bull elk hunt has been discontinued.

New shed-antler gathering requirements:

If you plan to gather shed antlers between Feb. 1 and Apr. 15, you will need to comply with the state's new shed-antler gathering requirements. For all of the details, please see page 49.

New archery buck deer hunt: Archers can apply to hunt in a new unit this year. The La Sal

(Dolores Triangle) hunt will be held from Nov. 7 to Nov. 20. For more information, please see the hunt tables that begin on page 50.

New general season elk unit: This year, you can purchase a permit to hunt on a new general season any bull elk hunting unit in San Juan County. For more information, please see the map on page 80 and visit wildlife.utah.gov/maps for a detailed boundary description.

New nanny goat hunt: You can apply for a new nanny goat hunt that has been added to the Beaver unit. For more information, please see the hunt tables that begin on page 50.

Bighorn sheep unit closure: The Wasatch bighorn sheep hunting unit has been closed.

New boundary for sheep unit: The New-foundland bighorn sheep unit boundary has changed. For more information, please see the unit boundary map online at wildlife.utah.gov/maps.

Don't lose your hunting and fishing privileges

If you commit a wildlife violation, you could lose the privilege of hunting and fishing in Utah. The Utah Division of Wildlife Resources can suspend the license of anyone who knowingly, intentionally or recklessly violates wildlife laws. Your license can be suspended for a wildlife violation if:

- You are convicted.
- You plead guilty or no contest.
- You enter a plea in abeyance.

You will be notified of any action against your privilege after criminal proceedings conclude. And remember, if your license is suspended in Utah, you might not be permitted to hunt or fish in other states.



Boundary change for youth hunt: The hunt boundary for the youth late season any bull elk hunt has changed. For more information, please see the boundary description online at wildlife.utah.gov/maps.

New process for correcting your permit application: In the past, if you wanted to modify your online permit application, you had to submit notarized paperwork and pay a \$25 fee. The Division has streamlined the process and lowered the cost. For all of the details, please see page 16.

Visit during extended hours: All Division offices are open from 7 a.m. to 6 p.m., Monday through Thursday. Offices are closed on Fridays.

And keep in mind

Hunting license required: Before you can apply for a 2009 big game permit, bonus point or preference point, you must have a valid Utah hunting or combination license. Please see pages 9–10 for more information.

Mandatory reporting: All premium limited-entry, limited-entry, management buck deer, CWMU, conservation, convention and once-in-a-lifetime hunters must report hunt information within 30 calendar days after the end of the hunting season (even if they did not harvest an animal). It's easy to submit a report: visit wildlife.utah.gov or call 1-800-221-0659. If you didn't report your 2008 harvest success by the reporting deadline, you can restore your eligibility

to apply for a 2009 permit by paying a \$50 late fee. For more information, please see page 50.

Apply for permits online or by phone:

To obtain a permit for most of Utah's big game hunts, you must apply online or by phone no later than Feb. 26, 2009. There's an 11 p.m. deadline for online applications and a 6 p.m. deadline for phone applications. To apply, simply visit wildlife.utah.gov or call any Division office.

Buy your license over the phone: You can now buy a Utah hunting or combination license over the telephone. Just call 1-800-221-0659. The line is staffed 24 hours a day, seven days a week. In addition to the fee for the license, you'll also be charged a \$2 transaction fee for each item you buy.

Age restrictions: Depending on their ages, young hunters' opportunities may vary. For more information, please see page 9.

Guidebook correction: If errors are found in this guidebook after it is printed, the Division will correct them in the electronic copy that is posted online. Visit wildlife.utah.gov/proclamations to view all of the Division's guidebooks and proclamations electronically.

Protection from discrimination: The Division receives federal financial assistance from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Under Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, the U.S. Department of the Interior and its bureaus prohibit discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability or sex. If you believe that you have been discriminated against in any program, activity or facility, or if you desire further information, please write to:

Where are my boundaries?

Looking for a map and a boundary description for your hunting area? A boundary description will be printed on your permit.

You'll also find detailed maps and boundary descriptions online. Visit wildlife.utah.gov/maps to download and print your boundaries today.

The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
Office for Diversity and Civil Rights
Programs—External Programs
4040 North Fairfax Drive, Suite 130
Arlington, VA 22203

Private lands: The Division cannot guarantee access to any private land. If you plan to hunt—or engage in any other wildlife-related activities—in an area made up of all or mostly private lands,

you must obtain WRITTEN permission from the landowner or the landowner's authorized representative. For more information, please see the Trespassing section on page 45.

Division funding: The Division is mostly funded by the sale of hunting and fishing licenses and through federal aid made possible by an excise tax on the sale of firearms and other hunting- and fishing-related equipment.

GENERAL SEASON DATES

2009 general season dates

Hunt	Dates
General archery deer	
Region specific*	Aug. 15 - Sept. 1
Statewide*	Sept. 2 - Sept. 11
General muzzleloader deer*	Sept. 23 - Oct. 1
General any legal weapon deer*	Oct. 17 - Oct. 25
Northern Region buck/bull combination	Oct. 3 - Oct. 15
General archery any bull elk	Aug. 15 - Sept. 11
General archery spike elk	Aug. 15 - Sept. 6
General season spike bull elk	Oct. 3 - Oct. 15
General season any bull elk	Oct. 3 - Oct. 15
General muzzleloader elk	Oct. 28 - Nov. 6
Youth general any bull elk	Sept. 12 - Sept. 20
Youth late season any bull elk	Nov. 14 - Nov. 22

*The South Slope (Vernal), La Sal (La Sal Mountains), Central Mountains (Nebo), Oquirrh-Stansbury and Monroe hunting units are only open during the following season dates:

- General archery deer: Aug. 15 - Sept. 1
- General muzzleloader deer: Sept. 23 - Sept. 27
- General any legal weapon deer: Oct. 21 - Oct. 25

2009 shed antler and shed horn season dates

Online course and completion certificate required	Feb. 1 - Apr. 15
No requirements	Jan. 1 - 31 and Apr. 16 - Dec. 31

2009 big game application period

Starting Jan. 22, you can visit wildlife.utah.gov to apply for the following items:

- Big game hunting permits
- Bonus points
- Preference points

The deadline for big game permit applications is 11 p.m. on Feb. 26. If you apply for bonus or preference points only, the deadline is 11 p.m. on Mar. 9.

Results of the drawing will be available Apr. 30. To get your results, you can visit wildlife.utah.gov or call Utah Administrative Services at 1-800-221-0659. The office is open 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

To protect applicants' privacy—and to comply with changes in governmental records access laws—you'll receive access to only your own drawing results.

LICENSE AND PERMIT FEES

Remaining permits

Remaining limited-entry permits

Any limited-entry permits remaining after the big game drawing will be available beginning June 9 at 7 a.m. You can buy permits at wildlife.utah.gov and at license agent locations and Division offices.

A license agent list is available at wildlife.utah.gov/licenses/agent.html. Before you visit any of the agents, contact them to verify their hours of operation.

General elk and remaining deer permits

General elk and remaining deer permits will be available beginning June 11 at 7 a.m. You can buy permits at wildlife.utah.gov and at license agent locations and Division offices.

A license agent list is available at wildlife.utah.gov/licenses/agent.html. Before you visit any of the agents, contact them to verify their hours of operation.

2009 license fees

Resident license fees

Hunting license (under 14 years of age)*	\$11
Hunting license (14 years of age or older)*	\$26
Combination license*	\$30

Nonresident license fees

Hunting license*	\$65
Combination license*	\$80

*Hunting and combination licenses are valid for 365 days from the day you buy them. Combination licenses allow you to fish, hunt small game and apply for big game and other hunting permits.

2009 permit fees

Deer

Permit	Resident	Nonresident
General archery	\$35	\$263
General any legal weapon	\$35	\$263
General muzzle-loader	\$35	\$263
Premium limited entry	\$163	\$563
Premium CWMU	\$163	\$563
Limited entry	\$75	\$463
CWMU	\$35	\$263
Buck/bull combo	\$80	\$651
Management buck deer	\$75	\$463

Elk

General archery	\$45	\$388
General any bull	\$45	\$388
General spike bull	\$45	\$388
General muzzle-loader any bull	\$45	\$388
General muzzleloader spike bull	\$45	\$388
Youth any bull	\$45	\$388
Premium limited entry	\$508	\$1,500
CWMU	\$280	\$795
Limited entry	\$280	\$795

Pronghorn

CWMU	\$50	\$288
Limited entry	\$50	\$288

Moose

Bull moose	\$408	\$1,513
CWMU bull moose	\$408	\$1,513

Bison

Henry Moun-tains	\$408	\$1,513
Antelope Island	\$1,105	\$2,610

Bighorn sheep

Desert bighorn	\$508	\$1,513
Rocky Mountain bighorn	\$508	\$1,513

Rocky Mountain goat

Rocky Mountain goat	\$408	\$1,513
---------------------	-------	---------

All nonresident big game permits also serve as nonresident fishing licenses.

2009 bull elk permit numbers

General any bull elk	14,300
General spike bull elk	12,500
Youth general any bull elk—resident	270
Youth general any bull elk—nonresident	30
Youth late season any bull elk—resident	13
Youth late season any bull elk—nonresident	2

Hunters with disabilities

Utah provides special hunting accommodations for people with disabilities. These accommodations include the opportunity to hunt with a companion, use a crossbow, hunt from a vehicle, use a draw lock and use a scope on archery equipment or a muzzleloader. Hunters with disabilities may also apply for an extension to their season, provided they meet certain criteria. The extended dates for general season hunts are listed below.

General season extensions for hunters with disabilities*

Spike bull elk	Oct. 16 - Oct. 20
Any bull elk	Sept. 12 - Sept. 20
General any legal weapon deer	Oct. 12 - Oct. 16

** You must obtain a certificate of registration from the Division to hunt these extended season dates.*

To learn more about hunting accommodations for people with disabilities, please visit wildlife.utah.gov/rules (see R657-12) or call any Division office.

2009 permit numbers

The Utah Wildlife Board will set 2009 permit numbers in April. This will occur after the application period and before the big game drawing, so biologists can use up-to-date harvest and population data.

BASIC REQUIREMENTS

Are you getting excited about hunting big game in Utah this year? Before you apply for a permit, make sure you meet Utah's age, hunter education and license requirements.

Are you old enough?

Utah Code § 23-19-22.5 and 23-20-20

To hunt big game in Utah, you must be at least 12 years old.

If you're 11 years old—but you'll be 12 by Dec. 31, 2009—you can apply for or obtain a hunting license and big game permit. However, **you cannot hunt until the day you turn 12.**

If you're 11 to 13 years old, you are eligible to:

- Apply for general season deer, youth any bull elk, or buck/bull combination permits in the drawing.
- Buy general season deer and elk, youth any bull elk, and limited-entry permits over the counter (if any of these permits are still available after the big game drawing).
- Buy a Cooperative Wildlife Management Unit (CWMU) permit directly from a CWMU operator.

Adults must accompany young hunters

Utah Code § 23-20-20

While hunting big game, a person under 16 years old must be accompanied by his or her parent, legal guardian or other responsible person who is 21 years of age or older and who has been approved by the parent or guardian.

The Division encourages adults to be familiar with hunter education guidelines or to complete the hunter education course before accompanying youth into the field.

While in the field, the youth and the adult must remain close enough for the adult to see and provide verbal assistance to the young hunter. Using electronic devices, such as walkie-talkies or cell phones, does not meet this requirement.

If you're 13 years old—and you'll be 14 by Dec. 31, 2009—you can also apply for limited-entry or CWMU permits in the public drawing.

All hunters under the age of 16 must be accompanied in the field by a parent, legal guardian or responsible person 21 years of age or older. For more information on this requirement, see the information box below.

Have you passed hunter education?

Utah Code § 23-19-11 & Utah Admin. Code R657-23

If you were born after Dec. 31, 1965, you must provide proof that you've passed a hunter education course approved by the Division before you can apply for or obtain a hunting license or a big game permit.

This proof can be a hunter education course Certificate of Completion (this certificate is called a "blue card" in Utah) or a hunting license from a previous year with your hunter education number noted on the license.

If you become a Utah resident, and you've completed a hunter education course in another state, province or country, you must obtain a blue card before you can apply for or buy a resident hunting license or a resident big game permit. You can obtain a Utah blue card at any Division office by providing proof that you've completed a hunter education course approved by the Division. The card costs \$10.

For more information on how to complete Utah's hunter education course, see the information box on page 10 or visit wildlife.utah.gov/huntereducation.

Do you have a license?

Utah Code § 23-19-1 and 23-19-22

You must have a current Utah hunting or combination (hunting and fishing) license before

you can apply for any big game permits, bonus points or preference points. Licenses are available at *wildlife.utah.gov* and from license agents and Division offices.

Be sure to take a quick look at the date on your license before you apply for any permits or points. As long as your license is valid on the date you submit your application, you don't have to purchase a new license for the actual hunt.

For example, assume that your license expires on June 25, 2009. If you apply before that date,

you do not have to purchase a new license for your hunt in the fall. All hunting and combination licenses are valid for 365 days from the date of purchase.

Carry your permit

If you are successful in obtaining a big game permit, you must have it on your person while hunting. You cannot alter your license or permit, nor can you sell, transfer or loan either of them to another person.

It's required: Hunter education

If you were born after 1965, you must take and successfully complete the state's hunter education course. It's an easy process:

1. Obtain a hunter education registration certificate. Each certificate costs only \$10, and you can obtain them online at *wildlife.utah.gov* or over the counter from the Division or a license agent.
2. Register for a class with your local hunter education instructor.
3. Take your registration certificate to your instructor on the first night of class.
4. Successfully complete the course—your instructor will then validate your certificate. The validated certificate serves as your hunting license.

Note: Both the registration certificate and the corresponding hunting license are valid for 365 days from the date of purchase. The license enables you to apply for or obtain permits in

the Division's hunt drawings. In order to maximize your hunting opportunities, you should register for and complete the hunter education course as soon as possible after purchasing your registration certificate.

After completing the course, you will receive your official hunter education card (commonly known as the "blue card") by mail. It will be sent to the address listed on your registration certificate. This card certifies that you passed hunter education.

You should also keep the following in mind:

- Regardless of when a student graduates, all hunting regulations (such as season dates and bag limits) will apply.
- Students who are planning to hunt out of state should allow enough time for their hunter education card to arrive in the mail.

For more information, visit *wildlife.utah.gov/huntereducation*, contact your local Division office or call (801) 538-4727.

BIG GAME PERMITS

Utah has several different big game hunts. The following section describes the types of permits that are available and outlines what you can apply for. You'll also find everything you need to know about the application process, waiting periods, bonus and preference points, and exchanging or surrendering a permit.

Types of permits

Before applying for a hunt, be sure you know what your options are. The following section provides an overview of the various hunts and points you to hunt-specific details listed later in the guide.

General permits

Most of Utah's buck deer and bull elk hunters participate in the state's general hunts. General hunts are split into the following three seasons:

- Archery
- Muzzleloader
- Any legal weapon (rifle)

Please see pages 28–33 for more information

about each hunt.

Your first, and possibly only, chance to obtain a general buck deer permit is in Utah's big game drawing. Please see pages 15–17 for more information.

The only general bull elk permits that are available in the drawing are permits issued to hunters who draw a buck/bull combination permit for the Northern Region. Please see page 29 for more information.

All other general bull elk permits are available beginning June 11—on a first-come, first-served basis—from Division offices, license agents and online at wildlife.utah.gov.

Residency

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-2(2)(f)

You qualify as a resident if:

- you have a fixed permanent home and principal establishment in Utah for six consecutive months immediately preceding the purchase of a license or permit, and you do NOT claim residency for hunting, fishing or trapping in any other state or country.

You will retain your Utah residency if:

- you leave Utah to serve in the armed forces of the United States, or for religious or educational purposes, and you do NOT claim residency for hunting, fishing or trapping in any other state or country.

If you are a member of the armed forces of the United States, you and your dependents are residents as of the date you report for duty under assigned orders in Utah, if:

- you are NOT on temporary duty in Utah and you do NOT claim residency for hunting,

fishing or trapping in any other state or country.

- you present a copy of your assignment orders to a Division office to verify your residency.

If you are a nonresident attending an institution of higher learning in Utah as a full-time student you may qualify as a resident if:

- you have been present in Utah for 60 consecutive days immediately preceding the purchase of the license or permit, and you do NOT claim residency for hunting, fishing or trapping in any other state or country.

Your Utah resident license or permit is invalid if:

- you purchase a resident license for hunting, fishing or trapping in any other state or country.

You DO NOT qualify as a resident if:

- you are an absentee landowner paying property tax on land in Utah.

Northern Region buck/bull combination permits

A Northern Region buck/bull combination permit allows you to hunt buck deer and bull elk during the general (rifle) any bull elk season. Please see page 29 for more information.

Limited-entry permits

Permits to hunt buck deer, bull elk and buck pronghorn on limited-entry units are some of Utah's most prized big game permits. Only a small number of limited-entry permits are offered each year.

All of the state's limited-entry permits are usually taken in the big game drawing. Please see pages 15-16 for more information about how to apply.

Premium limited-entry permits

Premium limited-entry permits are available for buck deer and bull elk.

Premium limited-entry buck deer permits allow you to hunt on the best limited-entry buck deer units in Utah—the Paunsaugunt unit or the Henry Mountains unit.

Premium limited-entry bull elk permits are also available for several limited-entry elk units. A premium limited-entry bull elk permit allows you to hunt all three limited-entry seasons (archery, muzzleloader and any legal weapon) on the unit you obtain a permit for.

Management buck deer permits

Management buck deer permits are available for the Paunsaugunt and Henry Mountains units, but if you obtain one, there are restrictions on the size of the buck you can take. Please see page 30 for more information.

Once-in-a-lifetime permits

All of Utah's desert and Rocky Mountain bighorn sheep, bison, bull moose and Rocky Mountain goat permits are once-in-a-lifetime

permits because you can draw a permit for each of these species only once in your lifetime.

Once-in-a-lifetime permits are usually taken in the big game drawing. Please see pages 15–16 for more information about how to apply for one.

CWMU permits

Cooperative Wildlife Management Units are private lands that the landowners have opened to a small number of public and private hunters. You can learn more about CWMUs, including their season dates, by reading the article on pages 38–39.

Sportsman permits

Applications for sportsman permits for the 2010 season will be accepted in November 2009. Please see pages 23–24 for more information about these limited-entry permits.

Antlerless big game hunting

In Utah, you can hunt antlerless animals as long as you obtain an antlerless permit for the species you want to hunt. Antlerless hunting is the primary tool biologists use to control the size of big game herds.

You can apply online for antlerless deer, elk and moose, and doe pronghorn permits in June 2009.

The number of antlerless permits available for 2009 can be found in the 2009 Antlerless Addendum. The addendum will be available by the end of May.

Please remember

If you obtain an antlerless deer or elk permit, you can also obtain a buck deer or a bull elk permit.

You may have only one pronghorn and one moose permit each year. If you obtain a doe pronghorn or a cow moose permit, you may not obtain a buck pronghorn or a bull moose permit this year.

Poaching-reported reward permits

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-23

It pays to report poachers in Utah. If you provide information that leads to the successful prosecution of another person for the wanton destruction (poaching) of any of the following—buck deer, buck pronghorn, bull elk, bull moose, bison, desert bighorn ram, Rocky Mountain bighorn ram or Rocky Mountain goat—on any once-in-a-lifetime or limited-entry hunt area in the state, you may receive a permit to hunt the same species on the same area where the violation occurred.

To learn more, please see R657-5-23 at wildlife.utah.gov/rules.

Conservation permits

Utah Admin. Code R657-41

Statewide and area conservation permits are available through non-profit wildlife conservation organizations. The organizations sell these limited-entry permits to raise funds for wildlife-related activities.

Statewide and area conservation permits are usually available each year to hunt buck deer, buck pronghorn, bull elk, bull moose, desert bighorn ram, hunter's choice bison, hunter's choice Rocky Mountain goat, Rocky Mountain bighorn ram and turkey.

Statewide conservation permits allow you to hunt on any unit in Utah that's open to hunting the species you obtain a permit for except: 1) Antelope Island for bison, 2) CWMUs you do not have written permission from the operator to hunt on, and 3) other units identified on your permit voucher.

Area conservation permits allow you to hunt only on the unit you obtain a permit for, and you may not hunt on CWMUs within the unit.

Conservation organizations usually sell conservation permits at auctions. You can learn the dates and locations for the auctions by contacting the wildlife conservation organizations that are selling the permits. A list of the organizations,

and the permits they're selling, is available at wildlife.utah.gov/hunting.

Private landowner permits

Utah Admin. Code R657-43

Landowners who own property within a general region hunt boundary area may qualify for general season buck deer permits.

Landowners who own property within a limited-entry buck deer, bull elk or buck pronghorn unit may form a landowner association and qualify for vouchers for limited-entry permits.

To request permit vouchers for your landowner association, you must submit an application to the appropriate Division regional office by Sept. 1, 2009. The vouchers you obtain will be valid for the

Special opportunity for young hunters

If you're 18 years of age or younger on Aug. 15 and you obtain a general muzzleloader or general any legal weapon deer permit, you have some extra hunting waiting for you this fall.

If you obtain a general muzzleloader or general any legal weapon deer permit, you may archery hunt in the region printed on your permit from Aug. 15 to Sept. 1. Beginning Sept. 2, you may hunt only open units statewide using archery tackle until the season ends. If you haven't taken a deer by the time the archery season is over, you may hunt during the general muzzleloader and general any legal weapon deer seasons in the region printed on your permit, using the appropriate equipment.

If you obtain a general archery buck deer permit, you may hunt ONLY during the general archery deer season and the extended archery seasons. You may not hunt during the general muzzleloader or general any legal weapon seasons.

For more information, please call the nearest Division office.

2010 season and may be redeemed for a limited-entry permit at any Division office.

Please contact the nearest Division office to learn whether you qualify for general season and limited-entry landowner permits. Applications for permits and permit vouchers are also available at Division offices.

Applying as a group

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-26

Instead of applying as an individual hunter, you and your friends and family can apply together as a group.

Both residents and nonresidents can apply together. However, if you're a Utah resident and you decide to apply with a nonresident, make sure nonresident permits are available for each hunt your group is applying for. If nonresident permits are not available for a hunt your group is applying for, the nonresident and everyone else in the group—including the Utah residents—will not be allowed to draw for that hunt unit.

Up to four hunters can apply together for limited-entry, premium limited-entry and resident CWMU deer, elk or pronghorn permits. Group applications are not accepted for management buck deer hunts.

Up to 10 people can apply together for general buck deer and buck/bull combination permits. Please remember that if you're a youth, and you want to be included among those who draw for buck deer permits that are reserved for youth, you must apply as an individual hunter. Do NOT apply as part of a group. Please see page 13 for more information about youth hunting opportunities.

Up to two youths may apply together for youth any bull elk permits.

If your group is successful in the drawing, all of the applicants in your group who have valid applications will receive a permit.

What can I apply for?

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-24

When you apply for a Utah big game permit, you have several options, depending on your residency.

Residents

If you're a Utah resident, you can apply to hunt one of the following:

- Buck deer—premium limited-entry, limited-entry, management buck deer and CWMU hunts
- Bull elk—premium limited-entry, limited-entry and CWMU hunts
- Buck pronghorn—limited-entry and CWMU hunts

In addition to applying for a limited-entry permit for one of those three species, you can also apply for one once-in-a-lifetime permit or one once-in-a-lifetime CWMU permit.

You may draw only one of the above permits each year.

Nonresidents

If you're a nonresident, you can apply to hunt all of the following:

- Buck deer—premium limited-entry, limited-entry and management buck deer hunts
- Bull elk—premium limited-entry and limited-entry hunts
- Buck pronghorn—limited-entry hunts
- All once-in-a-lifetime species for which you are eligible

You may draw only one of the above permits each year.

Residents and nonresidents

In addition to applying for the respective permits listed above, both residents and nonresidents can apply for one of the following general buck deer or buck/bull combination permits:

- An archery buck deer permit
- A regional any legal weapon (rifle) buck deer permit

- A regional muzzleloader buck deer permit
- An any legal weapon Northern Region buck deer/bull elk combination permit

As you apply for various permits, please remember that you may not obtain more than one buck deer or one bull elk permit each year. For example, if you obtain a limited-entry deer permit, you may not buy a general season deer permit.

You also may not obtain more than one pronghorn, moose, mountain goat, bison or bighorn sheep permit in the same year.

In addition to the permits above, if you'll be 18 years of age or younger on Sept. 12, 2009, you can also apply for a youth any bull elk permit.

Applying for a big game permit

Your first, and possibly only, chance to obtain a Utah big game permit is through the state's big game drawing.

Before you can apply, you must have a valid Utah hunting or combination license. If you don't have one of these licenses, you can buy one online when you apply.

Please remember that you may not apply for a permit or a bonus point if any of the following

conditions apply:

- Your license for big game hunting has been suspended.
- You're under a waiting period for the species you want to apply for.
- You've already obtained a permit for the once-in-a-lifetime species you want to apply for.
- You drew a limited-entry, premium limited-entry or once-in-a-lifetime permit in 2008, but you didn't submit a harvest report.
- You don't have a hunting or combination license.

You can apply online at wildlife.utah.gov starting Jan. 22, 2009. American Express, Discover, MasterCard and VISA credit or debit cards may be used as payment, and they must be valid through May 2009. You can also use a pre-paid credit card. If you have questions about using a pre-paid credit card, check with your financial institution for more information.

The handling fees and any donations you've

Lifetime license holders

Utah Admin. Code R657-17

Lifetime licenses were last sold in Utah in 1994. If you're one of the lucky hunters who obtained a lifetime license, please remember the following:

- Your hunt questionnaire is due by Feb. 26, 2009.
- If your address changes, you must notify the Division immediately.
- If you join the Dedicated Hunter program, you are still required to complete your lifetime license hunt questionnaire during each year you're in the program.
- If you choose an archery permit, you'll need to specify a region. Please see page 28 for more information.

For more information about lifetime licenses, please see R657-17 at wildlife.utah.gov/rules.

More youth permits in general buck deer drawing

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-27

Twenty percent of the general buck deer permits in each region are reserved for hunters who will be 18 years of age or younger on Aug. 15, 2009 (the opening day of the general archery buck deer season).

If you'll be 18 years of age or younger on Aug. 15, you can participate in the youth drawing by submitting an application as an individual hunter. You won't be included in the youth drawing if you apply as a member of a group.

authorized will be charged to your credit or debit card when you apply.

Important dates for big game hunters

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-24

If you're planning to apply for a 2009 big game permit, make sure you jot down the following dates.

January 22: Apply online

Both residents and nonresidents can apply for a permit at wildlife.utah.gov. You can also apply by calling any Division office.

To apply for a resident permit, you must be a resident on the date the permit is purchased. Apr. 30, 2009 is considered the purchase date of the permit and the date by which you must establish residency in the state of Utah. Please see the resident definition on page 82 to learn whether you qualify as a resident.

When you submit your application, you'll be charged the handling fee for each species or bonus point you applied for. If you haven't bought your license yet, you'll also be charged a license fee. You will not be charged a permit fee unless you draw a permit.

February 26: Deadline for permit applications

Your applications for hunting permits must be submitted through wildlife.utah.gov no later than 11 p.m. on Feb. 26, 2009.

Withdrawing and resubmitting your application

Did you make a mistake in your online permit application? Simply withdraw your original online application and submit a new, correct application before 11 p.m. on Feb. 26, 2009.

You must have your confirmation number, your customer ID and your date of birth in order to withdraw your application. For each new application you submit, you will be charged a \$10 handling fee.

If you need help with your online application, please call any Division office before 6 p.m. on

Drawing process

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-27

Big game permits are drawn in the following order:

- First—buck deer (premium limited-entry, limited-entry, CWMU and management buck deer)
- Second—bull elk (premium limited-entry, limited-entry and CWMU)
- Third—buck pronghorn (limited-entry and CWMU)
- Fourth—once-in-a-lifetime
- Fifth—youth general buck deer
- Sixth—general buck deer and general buck/bull combination
- Last—youth any bull elk

Because of the order in which permits are drawn, you won't be included in the drawing for a once-in-a-lifetime permit if you draw any of the following permits:

- Buck deer (limited-entry, premium limited-entry, CWMU or management buck deer)
- Bull elk (limited-entry, premium limited-entry or CWMU)
- Buck pronghorn (limited-entry or CWMU)

Feb. 26, 2009. A Division employee will be available to assist you!

March 5: Deadline for withdrawing your application

If you decide not to hunt, you can withdraw your online permit application at no cost until 11 p.m. on Mar. 5, 2009.

Please remember that the handling fees you submitted with your application are not refundable.

March 9: Deadline for bonus/preference points

Applications for a bonus point or a preference point must be submitted through

wildlife.utah.gov no later than 11 p.m. on Mar. 9, 2009. Please remember that you must have a hunting license or a combination license to apply for a point.

April 30: Drawing results available

You'll be notified of the drawing results by mail or e-mail. You can also learn your drawing results by calling 1-800-221-0659.

If you draw a permit, you'll receive your permit in the mail in May.

Please be aware that if you receive your permit, and then the credit card you used for payment is refused, your permit becomes invalid and you may not hunt big game.

June 9: Remaining limited-entry permits available

Any limited-entry permits remaining after the big game drawing will be available beginning June 9 at 7 a.m. You can buy permits at *wildlife.utah.gov* and at license agent locations and Division offices.

Remaining permits are available on a first-come, first-served basis. You must have a valid hunting license or a combination license to buy one of these permits.

A license agent list is available at *wildlife.utah.gov/licenses/agent.html*. Before you visit any of the agents, contact them to verify their hours of operation.

June 11: General bull permits available

General bull elk permits may be obtained beginning at 7 a.m. on June 11, 2009 at *wildlife.utah.gov* and from license agents and Division offices. General bull elk permits are available on a first-come, first-served basis. You must have a valid hunting license or a combination license to buy a general bull elk permit.

A license agent list is available at *wildlife.utah.gov/licenses/agent.html*. Before you visit any of the agents, contact them to verify their hours of operation.

June 11: Remaining general season buck deer permits available

Any general season buck deer permits remaining after the drawing may be obtained beginning at 7 a.m. on June 11, 2009 at *wildlife.utah.gov* and from license agents and Division offices. Remaining permits are available on a first-come, first-served basis. You must have a valid hunting license or a combination license to buy one of these permits.

A license agent list is available at *wildlife.utah.gov/licenses/agent.html*. Before you visit any of the agents, contact them to verify their hours of operation.

Waiting periods

Waiting periods keep successful applicants out of the drawing for a few years, which gives those who can apply a better chance at drawing a permit.

Buck deer, buck pronghorn, bull elk permits

R657-5-30, R657-5-31 and R657-5-32

The waiting period for buck deer and buck pronghorn is two years. The bull elk waiting period is five years. Waiting periods do not apply to general season permits.

Once-in-a-lifetime permits

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-34

Bull moose, bison, Rocky Mountain bighorn sheep, desert bighorn sheep and Rocky Mountain goat permits are once-in-a-lifetime permits. For example, if you obtain a once-in-a-lifetime permit, such as a bull moose permit, you may not apply for or obtain a bull moose permit again. You can still apply for once-in-a-lifetime species that you haven't drawn a permit for, however.

Also, if you've been convicted of unlawfully taking a once-in-a-lifetime species, you may never apply for or obtain a permit for that species again.

Permits obtained after the drawing

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-35

If you're under a waiting period for a certain species, you can still obtain any permit that remains for that species after the drawing, but your waiting period will start all over again.

For example, if you have two years left on your bull elk waiting period, and you buy a limited-entry bull elk permit that remains available after the drawing, you'll begin a new five-year waiting period that will prevent you from applying for a limited-entry bull elk permit for the next five years.

Big changes to bonus point program

In 2009, the Utah Wildlife Board approved some critical changes to the state's bonus point program:

- If you do not apply for a limited-entry or once-in-a-lifetime permit or a bonus point at least once in a consecutive three-year period, you will lose any bonus points you've accrued. Because 2009 is the first year of the three-year timeframe, point loss will not begin until after the 2011 hunt drawing.
- If you are a nonresident, you may apply for permits or bonus points for all limited-entry and once-in-a-lifetime species. (However, you may draw only one permit per year.) For more information, please see page 19.
- If you surrender a permit obtained through a group application, you will not have your bonus points reinstated unless *all* group members surrender their permits more than 30 days before the season begins. For more information, please see page 21.

CWMU permits and landowner permits

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-36

If you buy a limited-entry landowner permit, or a CWMU permit through a landowner—for deer, elk or pronghorn—you won't be subject to a waiting period.

The rules regarding once-in-a-lifetime and CWMU permits are as follows:

- If you've obtained a once-in-a-lifetime permit in the public drawing in the past, you may buy a once-in-a-lifetime permit from a landowner or a CWMU operator.
- If you have not obtained a once-in-a-lifetime permit in the public drawing, and you buy a once-in-a-lifetime permit from a landowner or a CWMU operator, you cannot obtain a permit in the public drawing for that species in the future.

Bonus points

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-37(A)

Utah's bonus point system has been put in place to increase your chance of drawing a big game permit.

Every time you apply for a limited-entry, premium limited-entry, management buck deer, CWMU or once-in-a-lifetime permit, but you don't draw one, you receive a bonus point for that species.

Applying for a general buck deer permit will not affect your ability to obtain a bonus point for limited-entry deer. If you draw a general buck deer permit, you'll still receive a bonus point if you are unsuccessful in drawing a limited-entry, premium limited-entry or CWMU deer permit.

Applying for a bonus point

Even if you're not going to hunt in 2009, you can still receive a bonus point by applying for one. To apply for a bonus point, select the appropriate bonus point code on your application and pay the \$10 handling fee. The 2009 bonus point application period is Jan. 22–Mar. 9, 2009.

Because you apply for bonus points by species

instead of by hunt, you may apply for a limited-entry, premium limited-entry, management buck deer or once-in-a-lifetime bonus point, even if the specific hunt the bonus point is being awarded for isn't being offered in 2009.

To apply for a bonus point, you must be eligible for the hunt the bonus point will be awarded for. For example, if you're eligible for a limited-entry buck deer permit, you're eligible to apply for a limited-entry buck deer bonus point.

Residents

If you're a resident, you may apply for one of the following:

- One limited-entry permit and one once-in-a-lifetime permit
- One limited-entry permit and one once-in-a-lifetime bonus point
- One limited-entry bonus point and one once-in-a-lifetime permit
- One limited-entry bonus point and one once-in-a-lifetime bonus point

You may NOT apply for the following:

- A permit and a bonus point for the same species
- More than one limited-entry bonus point or more than one premium limited-entry bonus point
- More than one once-in-a-lifetime bonus point

Nonresidents

If you're a nonresident, you may apply for permits or bonus points for all limited-entry and once-in-a-lifetime species. However, you may not apply for a permit and a bonus point for the same species.

Please remember that you may not draw more than one limited-entry or once-in-a-lifetime permit each year.

How your bonus points work

Fifty percent (odd numbers are rounded down) of the permits for each hunt unit number

are set aside for applicants who have the most bonus points.

Before the drawing takes place, a computer randomly assigns a drawing number to you for each species you applied for. The computer also randomly assigns a drawing number to you for each bonus point you have for the species you're applying for. After the computer has randomly assigned your numbers to you, it takes the lowest number you received, and that's the number you'll use in the drawing. The lower your number, the better your chance at drawing a permit.

Applying as a group

When two or more hunters apply as a group, their bonus points are averaged and rounded down.

For example, if hunter A has seven bonus points, and hunter B has zero bonus points—and they apply together as a group—their bonus points are averaged (3.5) and rounded down to three. The computer then assigns the group three random drawing numbers for their three bonus points, plus one random drawing number (instead of two drawing numbers) because the two hunters are applying together as a group. That leaves the group of two hunters with a total of four drawing numbers. The computer then takes the lowest number the group received, and that's the number the group will use in the drawing.

Limited-entry buck deer

Applications for limited-entry buck deer are first sorted into groups by the number of bonus points each applicant has: a 10 bonus point group, a 9 bonus point group, and so forth. After the applicants are sorted into groups, the computer randomly assigns drawing numbers to the hunters within each bonus point group. Once the numbers have been assigned, permits are awarded to the 10 bonus point group first.

Preference points

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-37(B)

Utah's preference point system gives hunters who don't draw a general buck deer or a Northern Region buck/bull combination permit a better chance at drawing one the following year.

Each time you apply for one of these permits and don't draw one, you'll receive a preference point.

Applying for a preference point

Even if you won't be hunting general buck deer in 2009, you can still apply for a preference point by selecting code GDR on your application and paying a \$10 handling fee. The application period is Jan. 22–Mar. 9, 2009.

You can hunt *and* obtain a preference point

If you hunt general season buck deer, it's worth your time to mark more than just your first hunt choice when applying for a permit. Starting in 2009, if you aren't successful in drawing your first choice—but you draw your second, third, fourth or fifth choice—you will still receive a preference point.

There are other benefits to marking additional hunt choices on the online application:

- You will avoid a long wait to purchase your permit over the counter.
- You are almost guaranteed to draw a permit.
- You will conveniently receive your permit in the mail.

With this new opportunity, you win either way. Take a few seconds to select your additional hunt choices, and you'll have a better chance of hunting in both 2009 and 2010!

Draw a permit, receive a preference point

This year, there is a change in how general season buck deer hunters acquire preference points. If you aren't successful in drawing your first choice—but you draw your second, third, fourth or fifth choice—you will still receive a preference point. For example, if you choose the Southeastern Region as your first choice and the Central Region as your second choice, and then you draw the Central Region permit (your second choice), you will receive a preference point.

If you draw your first choice, you will not receive a preference point.

How your preference points work in the drawing

In the drawing, general buck deer applications are first sorted into groups based on the number of preference points each applicant has: a 4 preference point group, a 3 preference point group and so forth. Then, a computer randomly assigns drawing numbers to each applicant in each group. The computer then takes the lowest drawing number you received, and that's the number you'll use in the drawing. The lower your number, the better your chance at drawing a permit.

Permits are awarded to the 4 preference point group first.

Applying as a group

When two or more applicants apply as a group, their preference points are averaged and rounded down. For example, if hunter A has three preference points, and hunter B has zero preference points, their preference points are averaged (1.5) and rounded down to one. You and your hunting companion would then be included in the 1 preference point group.

Applications in the 1 preference point group are considered after all the groups or individuals with two or more preference points have been considered, and before all of the groups or individuals with zero preference points are considered.

If you obtain a limited-entry, premium

limited-entry or CWMU deer or elk permit, you'll still receive a preference point if you applied for a general deer permit.

Surrendering a permit

Utah Code § 23-19-38 & Utah Admin. Code R657-42 and R657-5-37

What happens if you obtain a permit and then realize you won't be able to use it?

As long as your season hasn't started, you should consider surrendering the permit. It's an easy process, and it's important if you want to keep your bonus points or preference points and avoid a waiting period.

Depending on the type of permit you have, there are different rules for surrendering it.

Individuals

How permit surrender affects bonus points

If you draw a limited-entry, premium limited-entry or once-in-a-lifetime permit—and then you decide to surrender it—it's a good idea to return it to the Division before the season opens.

If you surrender it before the start of the season, you'll get all of your bonus points back, and you'll receive a bonus point for that year.

You'll also be eligible to purchase a reallocated permit or any other available permit you're eligible to obtain.

Refunds are subject to Utah Code § 23-19-38. Please see Sales final on page 22 for more information.

How permit surrender affects preference points

If you obtain a general season buck deer permit, and then you find that you won't be able to use it, you can get your preference points back if you surrender the permit before the season begins. You'll also receive a preference point for that year and be eligible to purchase reallocated permits or permits that are still available after the drawing.

Refunds are subject to Utah Code § 23-19-38. Please see Sales final on page 22 for more information.

How permit surrender affects waiting periods

If you surrender your permit before the season begins, the waiting period will be waived. General season permits are not subject to waiting periods.

Groups

How permit surrender affects bonus points

If you obtain a permit through a group application—and then you decide to surrender it—you will not have your bonus points reinstated or earn a new point unless your *entire* group meets the following conditions:

- All group members must surrender their permits
- Permit surrenders must occur more than 30 days before the start of the season

Members of the group may not surrender their permits individually unless the surrender occurs because of:

- Activation in the military
- An injury that will prevent the individual from hunting
- Death

Refunds are subject to Utah Code § 23-19-38. Please see Sales final on page 22 for more information.

How permit surrender affects preference points

If you obtain a permit through a group application—and then you decide to surrender it—you will not have your preference points reinstated or earn a new point unless *all* group members surrender their permits before the season begins.

Members of the group may not surrender their permits individually unless the surrender occurs because of:

- Activation in the military
- An injury that will prevent the individual

from hunting

- Death

Refunds are subject to Utah Code § 23-19-38.

Please see Sales final on this page for more information.

How permit surrender affects waiting periods

If members of a group surrender their permits before the season begins, the waiting period will be waived. General season permits are not subject to waiting periods.

Dedicated hunters

If you're enrolled in the Dedicated Hunter program, and you decide to surrender your permit, you must return it to the Division before Aug. 15, 2009 (the day the general archery deer season opens).

Private landowner and CWMU permit holders

If you obtain a limited-entry landowner permit or a CWMU permit, you can surrender it.

Limited-entry private landowner permits must be surrendered before the season the permit was issued for opens.

To surrender a CWMU permit, there are two options. If possible, you should surrender your CWMU permit before the CWMU season opening dates listed in the box on page 39.

To surrender your permit after the CWMU season has started, you and the person who issued the permit to you (the CWMU operator or the landowner-association operator) must sign an affidavit stating that you did not hunt with the permit. Both of the signatures must be notarized.

After the signatures are notarized, submit the affidavit and the unused permit to the Division.

In some cases, you can still receive a refund if you surrender a CWMU or limited-entry landowner permit after the season opens. Please see the Sales final section on this page for more information.

Permit refunds and exchanges

Utah Code § 23-19-38 & Utah Admin. Code R657-42

Refunds

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-28

Q—If I apply for a permit, but I don't draw one, will I get a refund?

A—The \$10 handling fees are the only fees you're charged when you apply. The handling fees are not refundable.

Sales final

Q—If I buy a license or permit, and then find that I can't use it, can I get a refund?

A—In most cases you can't get a refund, but there are some exceptions. The Division may provide a refund under the following circumstances:

- The Division or the Utah Wildlife Board cancels the hunt for which you obtained the permit.
- The Division determines that it collected a fee from you by mistake. If you believe the Division collected a fee from you by mistake, please contact the agency. The Division has a committee that reviews these mistakes.
- You become ill or suffer an injury that prevents you from participating in the hunt you obtained a permit for. To receive a refund, you must provide verification from a physician of your illness or injury. You must also surrender the permit before the season the permit was issued for ends. You cannot receive a refund if you hunted.
- If you're a member of the United States Armed Forces, or a public health or a public safety organization, you might be eligible for a refund if you're mobilized or deployed in the interest of national defense or emergency, and your mobilization or deployment prevents you from participating in the hunting or fishing activity you bought the license or permit for.

A refund may also be granted if the person to whom the license or permit was issued dies

before they can participate in the hunt.

Please see Utah Code 23-19-38.2 and Utah Admin. Code R657-42 at wildlife.utah.gov/rules for more information.

Duplicate licenses

Utah Code § 23-19-10 & Utah Admin. Code R657-5-5

Q—If I lose my license or permit, can I get another one?

A—Yes. If your unexpired license or permit is destroyed, lost or stolen, you can obtain a duplicate from a Division office or a license agent for \$10 or half of the price of the original license or permit, whichever is less.

To obtain a duplicate, the Division may require that you sign an affidavit testifying that the license or permit was lost, stolen or destroyed.

If you drew a license or permit, but you never received it, the Division may waive the fee that you would normally have to pay to get a duplicate.

Permit exchanges

Q—I'd like to exchange my general buck deer permit, or my general bull elk permit, for a general season permit for a different region or area. Or, I'd like to exchange my general buck deer or bull elk permit to hunt during a different season in the region or area I obtained the permit for. Can I do that?

A—You can exchange your permit for another available region or area, but you must exchange your permit for a permit for the same species and sex. For example, you cannot exchange a buck deer permit for a bull elk permit.

You can also exchange your permit to hunt during a different season in the region or area you obtained a permit for. For example, you can exchange your general muzzleloader deer permit for a general rifle buck deer permit for the same region. You must exchange your permit before the season you have a permit for opens. For example, if you want to exchange a general muzzleloader deer permit for a general rifle deer permit, you must exchange the muzzleloader permit before the general muzzleloader season opens.

If you'd like to exchange a Dedicated Hunter permit for a different region, you must do so before Sept. 23 (the day the state's general muzzleloader deer season opens). You may exchange your permit only for a region that still has permits available.

You must pay a \$10 handling fee to exchange a permit.

2010 sportsman permit drawing

Utah Admin. Code R657-41 & R657-42

Long season dates, and the ability to hunt almost every hunting unit in Utah, make sportsman permits the most prized permits offered to Utah's public hunters.

Only Utah residents can apply for sportsman permits. One sportsman permit is usually offered each year for each of the following species: buck deer, buck pronghorn, bull elk, bull moose, desert bighorn sheep (ram), Rocky Mountain bighorn sheep (ram), hunter's choice bison (excluding Antelope Island) and hunter's choice Rocky Mountain goat. Sportsman permits are also offered for black bear, cougar, sandhill crane and wild turkey.

Important dates for sportsman permit applicants

November 2, 2009: Apply online

Utah residents can apply for a permit at wildlife.utah.gov. You can also apply by calling any Division office.

To apply for a sportsman permit, you must be a Utah resident on the date the permit is purchased. Dec. 10, 2009 is considered the purchase date of the permit and the date by which you must establish residency in the state of Utah. Please see the resident definition on page 82 to learn whether you qualify as a resident.

When you apply, a \$10 nonrefundable handling fee will be charged. You will not be charged for a permit unless you're successful in drawing one. A valid hunting or combination license is required to apply.

November 19, 2009: Application deadline

Applications must be submitted at wildlife.utah.gov no later than 11 p.m. on Nov. 19, 2009.

November 23, 2009: Withdrawing your application

If you decide not to hunt, you can withdraw your online permit application at no cost until 11 p.m. on Nov. 23, 2009.

Please remember that the \$10 handling fee is not refundable.

December 10, 2009: Drawing results available

You'll be notified of your drawing results by mail or e-mail. You can also receive the drawing results by calling 1-800-221-0659.

Don't jeopardize your hunt

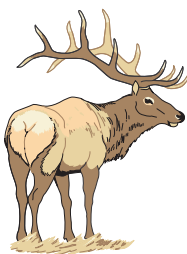
If you want to hunt on private property, you must obtain **written** permission from the landowner before you can hunt. Ideally, you should have permission before you even apply for a permit. If you obtain written permission in advance, you know you'll be able to use the permit if you draw it.

The Division cannot guarantee access to private land, and the agency does not have the names of landowners who own property where hunts occur.

Hunts that occur mostly on private land are indicated by an asterisk in the hunt tables beginning on page 50.

Helping wildlife makes you look good.

(Now your car wants a turn.)



Utah
GOWILD

ENSURING WILDLIFE'S FUTURE

Show off your sense of style, your favorite activity or even your patriotic side with one of Utah's wildlife license plates. Choose from a bald eagle, cutthroat trout or Rocky Mountain elk. Learn how to get your new plate at wildlife.utah.gov.

DEDICATED HUNTER PROGRAM

Enjoy more hunting opportunities and help Utah wildlife

Want to spend more time hunting in your favorite part of Utah? You should consider applying for the state's popular Dedicated Hunter program.

This year, for the first time, the Division will hold a drawing to fill open spots in the three-year program.

If your name is drawn—and you meet the program requirements—you can expect years of great hunting and a chance to help Utah wildlife.

Benefits and requirements

As a dedicated hunter, you'll be able to hunt buck deer in the region of your choice. Even better, you can hunt all three seasons—archery, muzzleloader and any legal weapon (rifle)—with your dedicated hunter permit. In exchange for this great opportunity, you agree to complete the following requirements:

- Perform a minimum of 40 service hours on Division-approved conservation projects
- Complete an online "Wildlife Conservation and Ethics" course (which replaces the RAC requirement)
- Harvest only two deer in the three-year period

To learn more about the program's requirements and to read important reminders, please visit wildlife.utah.gov/dh.

Joining the program

Online applications for the Dedicated Hunter program will be accepted from Dec. 29, 2008 until 11 p.m. on Jan. 12, 2009. You may apply as an individual or in groups of up to four hunters. Results of the drawing will be available on Jan. 16, 2009.

To join the program, visit wildlife.utah.gov/dh and click "How to Join." The links will walk you through the program's online orientation course and lead you to the online application.

You must successfully complete the orientation course before you will be able to apply online.

The course takes a minimum of 30 minutes to complete. Do **not** wait until the last minute, or you might not have time to complete the course and submit your application before the deadline.

You must pay a \$10 application fee to apply for the program. If your application is drawn, you will be charged the appropriate program fee. However, you don't have to buy a hunting license until it's time to get your hunting permit each year.

Loyalty points

If your application isn't drawn in 2009, you'll receive a loyalty point. You can also purchase a loyalty point separately. The loyalty point will ensure your application is among the first drawn to join the program in 2010.

Loyalty points are only valid in the following year's drawing.

If 2009 is your last year of enrollment in the program, you can earn a loyalty point for the 2010 drawing by completing all of the program requirements before Oct. 1, 2009. Check your status online at wildlife.utah.gov/dh.

Program fees

Adult

Residents	\$180
Nonresidents	\$1,032

Youth (12 to 17 years old)

Residents	\$105
Nonresidents	\$799

Lifetime license holder

Adult	\$75
Youth (12 to 17 years old)	\$37.50

CHRONIC WASTING DISEASE

What is Chronic Wasting Disease?

Chronic wasting disease (CWD) is a relatively rare neurological disease that's found only in wild and captive deer, elk and moose in North America.

What are the clinical signs of CWD?

Chronic wasting disease attacks the nervous system and brain of infected animals. The disease causes the animals to become emaciated, display abnormal behavior, lose their bodily function and eventually die. Other symptoms include excessive salivation, loss of appetite, excessive thirst and urination, holding their head in a lowered position and drooping ears.

How is CWD diagnosed?

The prion (abnormal protein) that is believed to cause CWD accumulates in certain parts of an infected animal. These areas include the brain, eyes, spinal cord, lymph nodes, tonsils and spleen.

To learn whether a deer or elk has the disease, biologists collect the lymph nodes and/or the brain stem from the dead animal. Then laboratory personnel examine the samples under a microscope, using special techniques that identify the CWD prion.

CWD in Utah

The Utah Division of Wildlife Resources (Division) has been monitoring for CWD in Utah since 1998.

The first positive mule deer in Utah was identified in 2002 as a result of a Division testing effort near Vernal. Since that time, CWD has also been found on the La Sal Mountains near Moab and in central Utah near Fountain Green.

To stay updated on where CWD has been found in Utah, please visit the Division Web site at wildlife.utah.gov/diseases/cwd.

How can you help?

The Division tests only certain areas within Utah. If you're hunting in one of these areas, you can help by bringing the head of your deer or elk to a Division biologist.

The biologists staff checkstations statewide during the fall hunts. When you stop at a checkstation, a biologist will take a sample from your deer or elk head and then send it to the lab for CWD testing.

To learn where testing will happen in 2009, please visit the Division Web site at wildlife.utah.gov/diseases/cwd.

Can I have my deer or elk tested for CWD?

Division biologists will collect tissue samples from deer in certain sample units throughout Utah during this fall's hunting seasons. Samples the biologists collect from these units will be tested without cost to the hunter.

If you harvest a deer or elk outside of a Division sample unit, and you'd like to have it tested for CWD, you can do so at your own expense. Division biologists can remove the sample for you, and then you'll be responsible for sending it to one of two Utah Veterinary Diagnostic laboratories. One of the labs is at 950 E. 1400 N. in Logan. Another laboratory is at 1451 S. Main St. in Nephi.

Because it's rare to find CWD in elk, the Division is testing elk only in areas where CWD has already been found.

If your deer or elk is sampled by the Division, you can find the test results at wildlife.utah.gov/cwdtesting/. It will take about six to eight weeks to process the sample.

To access the results, you'll need the submission number from the data collection receipt you received at the time your deer or elk was sampled.

If your animal tests positive for CWD, the Division will also contact you directly.

The sampling and testing procedures the

Division has established do not provide complete assurance that the meat from your animal is free of disease. The tests have a high accuracy rate, but no testing process can be 100 percent accurate. The ability to detect CWD can vary depending on the quality of the sample and the stage of the infection.

Should Utah hunters be concerned about CWD?

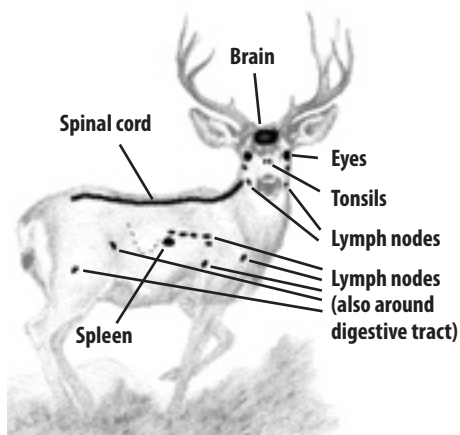
The World Health Organization has stated: "There is currently no evidence that CWD in cervidae (deer and elk) is transmitted to humans."

While there is no evidence that CWD affects humans, you may wish to take the following simple precautions when handling deer and elk carcasses:

- Do not harvest or eat animals that appear sick.
- Wear rubber or latex gloves while field dressing animals and processing their meat.
- Bone out the meat from deer and elk.
- Remove all fat, membranes and connective tissue.
- Minimize the amount of time you spend handling the brain, spinal cord, spleen and

lymph nodes. Do not cut through the spinal cord except to remove the head.

- Do not eat the brain, spinal cord, eyes, spleen, tonsils or lymph nodes.
- Do not use household utensils to field dress or process meat.
- Thoroughly clean all hunting knives, equipment and work areas with a 50/50 solution of household bleach and water.



Avoid soft tissues where prions accumulate

**If you want to hunt it tomorrow,
help us protect it today.**

UTiP

1-800-662-DEER

Turn In a Poacher

BUCK DEER HUNTING



A “buck deer” is a deer with antlers that are longer than five inches (R657-5-2(2)(e)).

Utah has three general buck deer hunts: the archery hunt, the muzzleloader hunt and the any legal weapon (rifle) hunt.

General archery buck deer hunt

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-38

This year, Utah’s general archery buck deer hunt has changed. You must choose a region to hunt from Aug. 15 to Sept. 1. Then, you may hunt in any open unit statewide from Sept. 2 to Sept. 11. **The South Slope (Vernal), La Sal (La Sal Mountains), Central Mountains (Nebo), Oquirrh-Stansbury and Monroe hunting units are only open Aug. 15 to Sept. 1.**

If you obtain a general archery buck deer permit, you may use archery equipment to take one buck deer in an open general hunting unit. Or, if you are hunting within an extended archery area, you may take a deer of either sex from Aug. 15–Sept. 11.

You may not hunt within deer CWMUs, premium limited-entry deer units or limited-entry deer units. The only exception is the Cache, Crawford Mountain limited-entry unit, which is

open to general archery deer hunters.

If you obtain a general archery buck deer permit, the only other deer permit you can obtain is an antlerless deer permit. Please see the Antlerless big game hunting box on page 12 for more information.

Extended archery areas

If you haven’t taken a deer by the time the general season ends, you can continue your archery hunting in the state’s extended archery areas.

In the Wasatch Front and Uintah Basin extended archery areas, you may use archery equipment to take a deer of either sex from Aug. 15–Nov. 30. From Dec. 1–Dec. 15, only antlerless deer may be taken.

In the Ogden Extended Archery Area, you may use archery equipment to take a buck deer only from Aug. 15–Nov. 30.

Before hunting any of the extended archery areas, you must complete the Division’s Archery Ethics Course. Please see the Archery Ethics Course box below for more information.

Hunter orange

You must wear hunter orange material if a centerfire rifle hunt is happening in the area where you’re archery hunting. Please study the rifle hunt tables beginning on page 52 of this guide and the rifle hunt tables in the 2009 Antlerless Addendum (the addendum will be available by May).

Archery Ethics Course

Before hunting on any of Utah’s extended archery areas, you must complete the Division’s Archery Ethics Course. You must complete the course each year before hunting on the extended archery areas. The course is available online at wildlife.utah.gov. It takes about 30 minutes to complete. After completing the course, you must carry your Archery Ethics Course certificate of completion with you while you’re hunting.

These tables will help you know if a rifle hunt will occur in the area where you'll be archery hunting.

General any legal weapon (rifle) buck deer hunt

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-39

The general any legal weapon buck deer hunt runs from Oct. 17 to Oct. 25. **The South Slope (Vernal), La Sal (La Sal Mountains), Central Mountains (Nebo), Oquirrh-Stansbury and Monroe hunting units are only open Oct. 21 to Oct. 25.**

If you obtain a general any legal weapon buck permit, you may use any legal weapon to take one buck deer in the region specified on your permit. You may not hunt within deer CWMUs, premium limited-entry deer units or limited-entry deer units. The only exception is the Cache, Crawford Mountain limited-entry unit, which is open to general any legal weapon deer hunters.

You also may not hunt in Salt Lake County south of I-80 and east of I-15 or areas with special restrictions (see pages 43–44).

If you obtain a general any legal weapon buck deer permit, the only other deer permit you can obtain is an antlerless deer permit. Please see the information box on page 12 for more information.

Northern Region buck/bull combination hunt

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-72

A special Northern Region buck deer/bull elk combination hunt will be held from Oct. 3 to Oct. 15.

If you obtain a Northern Region buck/bull combination permit, you may use any legal weapon to take one buck deer within the area and season specified on your permit (please see the map on page 76).

This permit also allows you to hunt bull elk in all general any-bull units in the state. You may not hunt bull elk in deer CWMUs or elk CWMUs.

If you obtain a Northern Region buck/bull combination permit, the only other deer and elk permits you may obtain are an antlerless deer permit and an antlerless elk permit.

Lifetime license holders

If you're a lifetime license holder, you can apply for a Northern Region buck/bull combination permit. If you obtain a permit, you'll have to pay \$45 for the elk portion of the permit. The buck/bull combination permit will take the place of your general buck deer permit in 2009.

Dedicated hunters

Eligible members of the Dedicated Hunter program may also apply for a Northern Region buck/bull combination permit, but they must surrender their Dedicated Hunter certificate of registration to apply.

Muzzleloader buck deer hunt

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-40

Utah's general muzzleloader buck deer hunt runs from Sept. 23 to Oct. 1. **The South Slope (Vernal), La Sal (La Sal Mountains), Central Mountains (Nebo), Oquirrh-Stansbury and Monroe hunting units are only open Sept. 23 to Sept. 27.**

If you obtain a general muzzleloader buck permit, you may use a muzzleloader to take one buck deer within the region specified on your permit. You may not hunt within deer CWMUs, premium limited-entry deer units or limited-entry deer units. The only exception is the Cache, Crawford Mountain limited-entry unit, which is open to general muzzleloader deer hunters.

You also may not hunt in Salt Lake County south of I-80 and east of I-15 or areas with special restrictions (see pages 43–44).

If you obtain a general muzzleloader buck deer permit, the only other deer permit you can obtain is an antlerless deer permit. Please see the Antlerless big game hunting box on page 12 for more information.

Hunter orange

You must wear hunter orange material if a centerfire rifle hunt is happening in the area where you're muzzleloader hunting. Please study the rifle hunt tables beginning on page 52. These tables will help you know if a rifle hunt will occur in the area where you'll be muzzleloader hunting.

Limited-entry buck deer hunts

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-21

Utah's limited-entry deer units are managed for older, bigger bucks.

To hunt in a limited-entry area, you must possess a limited-entry buck deer permit for that area. With the exception of the Cache, Crawford Mountain unit, limited-entry areas are not open to general season buck deer hunters.

If you obtain a limited-entry buck deer permit, you may use the weapon listed on your permit to take one buck deer within the area and the season specified on your permit. You may NOT hunt within deer CWMUs.

If you obtain a limited-entry buck deer permit, the only other deer permit you can obtain is an antlerless deer permit. Please see the Antlerless big game hunting box on page 12 for more information.

Management buck deer hunt

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-72

A "management buck" is a buck deer with 3 points or fewer on at least one antler, above the first fork but not including the eye guard. The eye guard does not count as a point. A point is a projection that's longer than one inch, measured from its base to its tip, including damaged or broken antlers.

Management buck deer permits are available through the Division's big game drawing. Thirty percent of the management buck deer permits are available to hunters who'll be 18 years of age or younger on Aug. 15, 2009. Thirty percent are

available to hunters who'll be 65 years of age or older on Aug. 15, 2009. The remaining 40 percent are available to hunters of all ages. Group applications are not accepted.

If you are successful in the drawing, you must complete an online orientation course before you receive your permit.

A management buck deer permit allows you to take one management buck deer during the season. You may use any legal weapon to hunt on the area specified on your permit. Management buck deer hunting seasons and areas are found on page 51.

All of the following areas are closed:

- Deer CWMUs
- Areas with special restrictions (see pages 43–44)

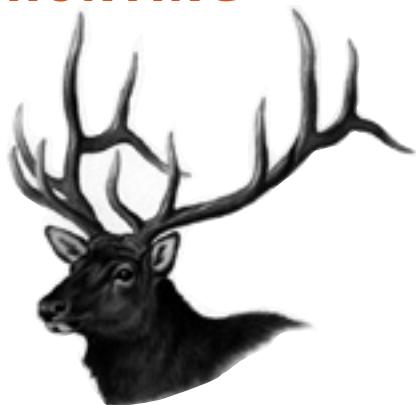
After taking your buck deer, you must bring its head and antlers to a Division office for inspection no later than 72 hours after the date of kill.

If you obtain a management buck deer permit, you will lose your bonus points and incur a waiting period of two years. The only other deer permit you can obtain is an antlerless deer permit. Please see the Antlerless big game hunting box on page 12 for more information.

Why a management buck deer hunt?

Removing excess bucks on the Paunsaugunt and Henry Mountains limited-entry units—while protecting the larger bucks in the herds—is the goal of the management buck deer hunt. These two units have high buck-to-doe ratios. Harvesting smaller-antlered bucks will preserve trophy-class bucks and provide more room for does. Having more does in the herds will result in more fawns being born. Having more fawns will help ensure that these herds remain strong and healthy into the future.

BULL ELK HUNTING



A “bull elk” is an elk with antlers that are longer than five inches (R657-5-2(2)(g)).

A “spike bull” is a bull elk that has at least one antler that does not branch above the ears. A branch is a projection on an antler that’s longer than one inch, measured from its base to its tip (R657-5-2(2)(s)).

Utah has three general elk seasons: the archery season, the general (any legal weapon) season and the muzzleloader season.

These seasons are held on two types of units—any bull elk units and spike bull elk units.

If you obtain an archery permit, you can hunt on all of the open any bull and spike bull units in the state. If you obtain a general season or general muzzleloader permit, you must hunt on the type of unit specified on your permit. For example, if you obtain an any bull elk permit, you may hunt only on any bull elk units. If you obtain a spike bull permit, you may hunt only on spike bull units.

Archery elk hunt

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-43

Utah’s general archery spike elk hunt runs from Aug. 15 to Sept. 6. The general archery any bull elk hunt runs from Aug. 15 to Sept. 11, except on the state’s extended archery areas, where the season runs later into the year.



Legal in a spike bull unit.



Legal in a spike bull unit.



NOT legal in a spike bull unit.



NOT legal in a spike bull unit.

If you obtain a general archery elk permit, you may use archery equipment to take one of the following animals:

- One elk of either sex on a general any bull elk unit
- A cow elk or a spike bull elk on a general spike bull elk unit
- Only a spike bull on the following units: Book Cliffs, Monroe, Paunsaugunt and Plateau Boulder
- One elk—either any bull or antlerless—on the Wasatch Front or Uintah Basin extended archery areas from Aug. 15 to Sept. 11

A general archery elk permit does not allow you to hunt on elk CWMUs.

If you obtain a general archery elk permit, the only other elk permit you can obtain is an antlerless elk permit. Please see the Antlerless big game hunting box on page 12 for more information.

Extended archery elk areas

If you haven't taken an elk by the time the general archery season ends, you may continue hunting in the Wasatch Front, Uintah Basin and Sanpete Valley extended archery elk areas during the extended archery seasons. You may use archery equipment to take one of the following animals:

- One elk—either any bull or antlerless—within the Wasatch Front and Uintah Basin extended archery areas from Sept. 12–Dec. 15
- One elk—either any bull or antlerless—within the Sanpete Valley Extended Archery Area from Nov. 14–Dec. 31

To hunt any of the extended archery areas, you must complete the Division's Archery Ethics Course and carry your archery ethics course certificate of completion with you while you're hunting. Please see the Archery Ethics Course box on page 28 for more information.

Hunter orange

You must wear hunter orange material if a centerfire rifle hunt is happening in the area

where you're archery hunting. Please study the rifle hunt tables beginning on page 52 and in the 2009 Antlerless Addendum (the addendum will be available in May).

These tables will help you know if a rifle hunt will occur in the area where you'll be archery hunting.

General season any legal weapon (rifle) bull elk hunt

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-44

Utah's general any legal weapon elk season consists of the any bull elk hunt and the spike bull elk hunt. These hunts run from Oct. 3 to Oct. 15.

To hunt during the general season elk hunt, you must obtain either a spike bull permit or an any bull permit.

If you obtain a general season any legal weapon bull elk permit, you may use any legal weapon to take your bull elk.

If you obtain a spike bull elk permit, you may take a spike bull elk on a general season spike bull elk unit. You may NOT hunt on the any bull elk units.

If you obtain an any bull elk permit, you may take a bull elk of any size, including a spike bull, on a general season any bull elk unit. You may NOT hunt on spike bull units.

All of the following areas are closed to general season elk hunters:

- Salt Lake County, south of I-80 and east of I-15
- Elk CWMUs
- Areas with special restrictions (see pages 43–44)

Please see the general bull elk hunt reference map on page 80, and the boundary descriptions at wildlife.utah.gov/maps, to learn where spike bull units and any bull elk units are located in the state.

If you obtain a general any legal weapon bull elk permit, the only other elk permit you can obtain is an antlerless elk permit. Please see the

Antlerless big game hunting box on page 12 for more information.

Northern Region buck/ bull combination hunt

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-72

Please see page 29 for more information.

Muzzleloader elk hunt

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-45

The general muzzleloader elk hunt runs from Oct. 28 to Nov. 6 within the general season elk units. All of the following areas are closed to general muzzleloader elk hunting:

- Salt Lake County south of I-80 and east of I-15
- Elk CWMUs
- Areas with special restrictions (see pages 43–44)

To hunt during the general muzzleloader elk season, you must obtain either a muzzleloader spike bull elk permit or a muzzleloader any bull elk permit.

If you obtain a muzzleloader spike bull elk permit, you may use a muzzleloader to take a spike bull elk on a general spike bull elk unit. You may NOT hunt on the any bull elk units.

If you obtain a muzzleloader any bull elk permit, you may use a muzzleloader to take a bull elk of any size, including a spike bull, on a general muzzleloader any bull elk unit. You may NOT hunt on spike bull elk units.

Please see the general bull elk hunt reference map on page 80 and the boundary descriptions at wildlife.utah.gov/maps to learn where spike bull units and any bull elk units are located in the state.

If you obtain a general muzzleloader bull elk permit, the only other elk permit you can obtain is an antlerless elk permit. Please see the Antlerless big game hunting box on page 12 for more information.

Youth bull elk hunts

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-46

If you'll be 18 years of age or younger on Sept. 12, 2009, you can apply for one of the state's youth elk hunts. **Remember, you cannot hunt until you are 12 years old.**

Utah offers two youth bull elk hunts:

- The youth general any bull elk hunt runs from Sept. 12 to Sept. 20 on general any bull elk units across Utah. If you obtain a permit for this hunt, you may use any legal weapon to take a bull elk of any size—including a spike bull—on any general season any bull elk unit in Utah. You may NOT hunt on a spike bull elk unit.
- The late season youth any bull elk hunt runs from Nov. 14 to Nov. 22 on a portion of the South Slope, Bonanza any bull elk unit in northeastern Utah (please visit wildlife.utah.gov/maps for a boundary description). If you obtain a permit for this hunt, you may use any legal weapon to take a bull elk of any size—including a spike bull—within the hunt boundaries.

All of the following areas are closed to youth any bull elk hunters:

- Salt Lake County, south of I-80 and east of I-15
- Elk CWMUs
- Areas with special restrictions (see pages 43–44)

You may obtain only one youth any bull elk permit in your lifetime, and preference points do not apply to this hunt.

If you obtain a youth any bull elk permit, the only other elk permit you can obtain is an antlerless elk permit. Please see the information box on page 12 for more information.

Limited-entry bull elk hunts

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-47

Because of all of the big bull elk in Utah, limited-entry bull elk permits are some of the

state's most prized big game permits.

A limited-entry bull elk permit allows you to use the weapon listed on your permit to take one bull elk of any size within the area and season specified on your permit. You may not hunt on elk CWMUs.

A premium limited-entry bull elk permit allows you to use the weapon listed on your permit to take one bull elk of any size within the area specified on your permit. It also allows you

to hunt all of the limited-entry bull elk seasons (archery, muzzleloader and rifle) that are listed in the hunt tables for the area specified on your permit. You may not hunt on elk CWMUs.

If you obtain a limited-entry or premium limited-entry bull elk permit, the only other elk permit you can obtain is an antlerless elk permit. Please see the Antlerless big game hunting box on page 12 for more information.

Non-lead ammunition program beginning in 2010

Starting in 2010, hunters in Utah's southernmost deer and elk hunting units will have the opportunity to participate in a voluntary new program. It will allow hunters to obtain a free box of non-lead ammunition and to aid in the recovery of one of the world's rarest birds.

This program is part of an effort to protect Utah's growing population of California condors. Nearly extinct in the 1980s, the massive condors are highly susceptible to lead poisoning. Many condors have died after consuming lead ammunition fragments in carcasses and gut piles.

For years, the state of Arizona has worked with conservation organizations and retailers to provide free non-lead ammunition to hunters who draw permits in condor country. Supported by generous funding from the Utah Wildlife in Need (UWIN) foundation, Utah plans to launch a similar program in 2010.

In the meantime, hunters who wish to support the condor recovery effort can learn more about voluntary lead-reduction opportunities by contacting Division offices in Salt Lake City and Cedar City.

The Division hopes this effort will help the condor population continue its recovery. More information will be available as soon as the new program is finalized.



Utah Wildlife in Need

Photo by Chris Parish/The Peregrine Fund

BUCK PRONGHORN HUNTING

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-49



"Buck pronghorn" means a pronghorn with horns that are longer than five inches (R657-5-2(2)(f)).

To hunt buck pronghorn, you must first obtain a buck pronghorn permit. If you obtain a buck pronghorn permit, you may not obtain any other pronghorn permit.

A pronghorn permit allows you to use any legal weapon to take one buck pronghorn within the area and season specified on your permit. You may not hunt on buck pronghorn CWMUs.

A note about the archery hunt: Only archery equipment may be used during the buck pronghorn archery hunt. If you'd like to hunt from

Collared pronghorn on Boulder Plateau

The Division has placed collars on some Boulder Plateau pronghorn. If possible, please try to harvest a non-collared animal on this hunting unit. If you do harvest a collared pronghorn, you must contact the Division's Cedar City office at (435) 865-6100 to report some essential biological information about the animal.

a blind, please contact the public agency that manages the land you'll be hunting on to learn about their regulations that must be followed to construct a blind.

ONCE-IN-A-LIFETIME HUNTING



"Cow bison" means a female bison (R657-5-2(2)(i)).

Bison hunts (hunter's choice, cow only or designated bison)

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-53

To hunt bison, you must first obtain a bison permit.

A bison permit allows you to use any legal weapon to take one bison of the sex specified on your permit and within the area and season specified on your permit. You may obtain a bison permit only once in your lifetime.

Antelope Island

If you draw an Antelope Island bison permit, you must complete an orientation course before the hunt. Before the hunt begins, the Division of Parks and Recreation will notify you about the date, time and location of the course.

Because the Antelope Island hunt is administered by the Division of Parks and Recreation, your

hunt will include some extra park-related fees. For more information, please call (801) 209-4678.

Henry Mountains

If you draw a Henry Mountains cow bison permit, you must attend an orientation course before you can hunt. Before the hunt begins, the Division of Wildlife Resources will notify you about the date, time and location of the course. You'll receive your permit after you successfully complete the course.



A "bull moose" is a moose that has antlers that are longer than its ears (R657-5-2(2)(h)).

Bull moose hunts

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-52

To hunt bull moose, you must first obtain a bull moose permit. If you obtain a bull moose permit, you may not obtain any other moose permit.

Your bull moose permit allows you to use any legal weapon to take one bull moose on the limited-entry unit and during the season specified on your permit. You may not hunt on moose CWMUs.



A "ram" is a male desert bighorn sheep or a male Rocky Mountain bighorn sheep (R657-5-2(2)(q)).

Desert bighorn and Rocky Mountain bighorn sheep hunts

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-54

To hunt desert bighorn sheep or Rocky Mountain bighorn sheep, you must first obtain a permit for the species you wish to hunt (i.e., a desert bighorn sheep permit to hunt desert bighorn sheep, or a Rocky Mountain bighorn sheep permit to hunt Rocky Mountain bighorn sheep).

Desert bighorn sheep hunts and Rocky Mountain bighorn sheep hunts are considered separate once-in-a-lifetime hunts. For example, if you obtain a desert bighorn sheep permit, and you've never obtained a Rocky Mountain bighorn sheep permit before, you can continue applying for a Rocky Mountain bighorn sheep permit the following year.

Please remember that you may not obtain more than one bighorn sheep permit per year. For example, you may not obtain both a desert bighorn sheep permit and a Rocky Mountain bighorn sheep permit in the same season.

A bighorn sheep permit allows you to use any legal weapon to take one ram within the area and the season specified on your permit.

Reminders and advice:

- Bighorn sheep live in very rugged terrain. That makes this hunt extremely strenuous.
- While hunting bighorn sheep, please make

sure you have a spotting scope with you that has a minimum of 15 power. Any ram is legal to take, but the Division encourages you to take a mature ram.

- Many of the desert and Rocky Mountain bighorn sheep in Utah have radio collars. Please avoid taking a bighorn sheep that's wearing a radio collar.
- After taking your ram, you must bring its horns to a Division office within 72 hours of leaving your hunting area. When you come to the office, a Division staff person will permanently affix a numbered plug to the horn. This plug certifies that the sheep was taken legally.

Rocky Mountain goat hunts (hunter's choice or female goat only)

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-55



To hunt Rocky Mountain goats, you must first obtain a Rocky Mountain goat permit.

Your Rocky Mountain goat permit allows you to use any legal weapon to take one Rocky Mountain goat within the area and the season specified on your permit. You may obtain a Rocky Mountain goat permit only once in your lifetime.

If you obtain a hunter's choice permit, you may take a goat of either sex. If you obtain a female goat permit, you may take only a female goat.

Reminders and advice:

- Rocky Mountain goats live in very rugged terrain. That makes this hunt

extremely strenuous.

- If you draw a female Rocky Mountain goat permit, you must complete an online orientation course. You'll receive your permit after you successfully complete the course.
- While hunting Rocky Mountain goats, please make sure you have a spotting scope with you that has a minimum of 15 power. If you obtain a hunter's choice permit, you can take either a male or a female goat, but the Division encourages you to take a mature goat. A mature goat is a goat that's older than two years old. After you've taken your goat, you can determine its age by counting the number of annual rings on its horns.
- A goat's pelage may be higher in quality later in the hunting season.

COOPERATIVE WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT UNITS

Utah Admin. Code R657-37

More than 60 percent of the rangelands that Utah's big game animals rely on in the winter are on private land. Utah's Cooperative Wildlife Management Unit (CWMU) program works with landowners to preserve these lands and to make them good habitat for wildlife.

How the program works

The CWMU program provides landowners with an economic incentive to keep their private range and forest lands as wildlife habitat instead of developing them.

CWMUs comprise more than two million acres of land in Utah. They'll provide more than 3,200 hunting permits in 2009. About 14 percent of those permits are available to the general public through the state's big game drawing.

Hunting on CWMUs provides both public and private hunters with several advantages. Among those advantages are a better chance to take an animal and fewer hunters to compete with.

Obtaining a CWMU permit

If you're a Utah resident, there are two ways to obtain a CWMU permit: you can apply for one in the state's public drawing, or you can obtain a

permit voucher from the landowner or operator of the CWMU you want to hunt.

CWMU landowner association members and operators—and their spouses and dependent children—cannot apply for CWMU permits in the public drawing.

If you're not a resident of Utah, you cannot apply for a CWMU permit in the public drawing. You can, however, obtain a permit voucher directly from the CWMU landowner or operator.

If you obtain a CWMU voucher, you can redeem the voucher for a permit by mailing the voucher to:

CWMU Front Desk
Division of Wildlife Resources
P.O. Box 146301
Salt Lake City, Utah 84114-6301
(Please allow 10 to 14 days for processing.)

You can also redeem the voucher at any Division office.

If you obtain a CWMU permit, you may hunt only on the CWMU that's specified on your permit. You may take only one animal of the species and sex listed on the permit. You'll also incur a waiting period for the species you obtained a permit for. (Please see pages 17–18 for more information about waiting periods.)

You may not obtain more than one pronghorn, one moose, one buck deer or one bull elk permit in a year. But you can obtain an antlerless deer or antlerless elk permit. More information about antlerless permits is available in the box on page 12.

How to participate

If you draw a permit to hunt a CWMU, you must contact the CWMU operator to obtain the following:

- The dates you'll be allowed to hunt within the legal CWMU hunting season framework. Both you and the operator must schedule

More hunting on private land

In 2009, you'll also find some exciting big game hunting in areas that used to be off limits.

Utah's Walk-In Access program now gives hunters, anglers and trappers unprecedented access to more than 60,000 acres of private property located across the northern half of the state.

For more information on Utah's Walk-In Access program—and to find the best big game hunting properties near you—visit wildlife.utah.gov/walkinaccess.

CWMU hunt seasons

The following timeframes are established by the Wildlife Board for hunting opportunities on CWMUs. Hunters should expect to hunt at least 5 days within these timeframes, although the operator can choose to extend the hunt. Before applying for a CWMU permit, hunters are encouraged to contact the operator to obtain information about hunt dates, permitted weapons and other rules. If you draw a permit, you **must** contact the CWMU operator to confirm your season dates.

Archery buck deer	Aug. 15, 2009 to Oct. 31, 2009
Any legal weapon buck deer and bull elk	Sept. 1, 2009 to Oct. 31, 2009
Muzzleloader buck deer	Sept. 1, 2009 to Oct. 31, 2009
Antlerless deer	Aug. 15, 2009 to Dec. 31, 2009
Archery bull elk	Aug. 15, 2009 to Oct. 31, 2009
Any legal weapon bull elk	Sept. 1, 2009 to October 31, 2009
Muzzleloader bull elk	Sept. 1, 2009 to Nov. 9, 2009
Antlerless elk	Aug. 15, 2009 to Jan. 31, 2010
Buck and doe pronghorn	Sept. 1, 2009 to Oct. 31, 2009
Bull and antlerless moose	Sept. 1, 2009 to Oct. 31, 2009

Some deer and elk CWMUs are granted hunting seasons outside of these timeframes. These units have agreed to give public hunters the option to choose a November hunt.

around each of your individual needs—please be realistic and patient.

- A map of the CWMU showing access points and the acreage you'll be allowed to hunt. The CWMU should provide the same amount of acreage to both public and private hunters.
- A copy of the CWMU's rules. CWMUs are allowed to develop rules of conduct for their unit. Examples of these rules may include: no preseason scouting; checking into and out of the unit daily; limited vehicle access; no overnight camping; a marksmanship test; and limiting the number of hunting companions. If you fail to abide by these rules, you might be asked to leave the CWMU.

Reporting your harvest success

If you obtain a CWMU permit, you must report information about your hunt within 30 days after

it ends. Please see page 50 for more information about this important requirement.

Complaint process

If you wish to lodge a complaint against a CWMU, you should contact the Division of Wildlife Resources immediately. Biologists and conservation officers can supply you with a complaint form, or you can make the complaint in person or over the telephone. You and the operator should make every effort to resolve your issues before they escalate to the Division level.

If your problem cannot be resolved locally, it may be passed on to a CWMU Advisory Committee for review and possible action.

Learn more

To learn more about the CWMU program, visit www.cwmnutahwildlife.org.

To view maps of CWMU properties, visit wildlife.utah.gov/maps/cwmu.

FIELD REQUIREMENTS

Several rules have been established to regulate big game hunting in Utah. These rules exist to ensure big game animals are hunted ethically and to help keep you safe in the field. Please be familiar with the requirements for carrying and using firearms and archery tackle. You should also know the different types of hunting methods that may and may not be used and what you're required to do with any big game animal you take.

Hunting hours

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-6

You may take big game animals from 30 minutes before official sunrise until 30 minutes after official sunset.

Requirement to wear hunter orange

Utah Code § 23-20-31

If you're hunting in an area where a centerfire rifle hunt is occurring, you must wear a minimum of 400 square inches of hunter orange material on your head, chest and back. A camouflage pattern in hunter orange does not meet this requirement.

There are some exceptions to this hunter orange rule, however. You're not required to wear hunter orange if you're participating in a bighorn sheep hunt, a mountain goat hunt or a hunt that requires you to possess a statewide conservation permit or a statewide sportsman's permit, unless a centerfire rifle hunt is in progress in the same area.

Temporary game preserves

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-7

During most of Utah's big game hunts, the areas where the hunts take place become what Utah law defines as "temporary game preserves."

Temporary game preserves are any area in Utah where a bull elk, buck pronghorn, moose, bison, bighorn sheep or Rocky Mountain goat hunt is taking place. In addition, all limited-entry buck deer areas and CWMUs in Utah are considered

temporary game preserves while hunts are taking place on them.

If you do not have a valid permit to hunt on a temporary game preserve, you may not carry a firearm or archery equipment in the field while a hunt is taking place.

These temporary game preserve weapon restrictions do not apply to the following people:

- Hunters who are licensed to hunt upland game or waterfowl (You must comply with the regulations in the Upland Game Guidebook or Waterfowl Guidebook, and you may possess only those firearms and archery equipment that are legal for taking upland game or waterfowl.)
- Livestock owners who are protecting their livestock
- Individuals who are licensed to carry a concealed weapon in accordance with Title 53, Chapter 5, Part 7 of the Utah Code (You may not use your concealed firearm to hunt or take protected wildlife.)

Checkpoints and officer contacts

Utah Code §§ 23-20-25 and 77-23-104

To help the Division fulfill its responsibility as trustee and custodian of Utah's wildlife, Division conservation officers and biologists monitor the taking and possession of big game animals and the required permits, firearms and equipment used for hunting. You should expect to encounter conservation officers and biologists checking hunters in the field and at checkpoints.

If you're contacted by a conservation officer, you must provide the officer with the items he or

she requests, including any licenses and permits required for hunting, any devices used to participate in hunting and any game you've taken. These contacts allow the Division to collect valuable information about Utah's big game animals.

Firearms and archery equipment

Prohibited weapons

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-8

You may not hunt big game with a firearm that's capable of being fired fully automatic, or with any light-enhancement device or aiming device that casts a beam of light.

You may only use firearms and archery tackle that are expressly permitted in this guide.

Rifles and shotguns

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-9

You may use a rifle or shotgun to take big game, but your firearm and ammunition must meet the following requirements:

- Your rifle must fire centerfire cartridges and expanding bullets.
- Your shotgun must be 20 gauge or larger. If you're using a shotgun, you may use only slug ammunition or buckshot that's 00 or larger in size.

Handguns

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-10

You may use a handgun to take big game animals, but the handgun must be a minimum of .24 caliber and must fire a centerfire cartridge with an expanding bullet.

If you're hunting deer or pronghorn, the handgun must develop at least 500 foot-pounds of energy at the muzzle. If you're hunting elk, moose, bison, bighorn sheep or Rocky Mountain goat, the handgun must develop at least 500 foot-pounds of energy at 100 yards.

Muzzleloaders

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-11

Muzzleloaders may be used during any big game hunt—except the archery hunt. To hunt big game with a muzzleloader, your muzzleloader must meet all of the following requirements:

- It can be loaded only from the muzzle.
- It must have open sights, peep sights or a fixed non-magnifying 1x scope.
- It can have only one barrel, and the barrel must be at least 18 inches long.
- It cannot be capable of firing more than once without being reloaded.
- The powder and bullet—or powder, sabot and bullet—cannot be bonded together as one unit for loading.
- It must be loaded with black powder or a black powder substitute. The black powder or black powder substitute cannot contain nitrocellulose-based smokeless powder.

To hunt big game, you must use a lead or expanding bullet or projectile that's at least 40 caliber in size.

If you're hunting deer or pronghorn, your bullet—including your sabot—must be 170 grain or heavier in weight. If you're hunting elk, moose, bison, bighorn sheep or Rocky Mountain goats, you must use a 210 grain or heavier bullet, or a sabot bullet that's at least 240 grains.

If you obtain a muzzleloader permit, a muzzleloading rifle is the only firearm you may have in your possession during the muzzleloader hunt. In addition, you may not have any other firearm in your camp or motor vehicle during the muzzleloader hunt. The only exceptions to this rule are the following people:

- Hunters who are licensed to hunt upland game or waterfowl (You must comply with the regulations in the Upland Game Guidebook or Waterfowl Guidebook, and you may possess only those firearms and archery equipment that are legal for taking upland game or waterfowl.)
- Hunters who are licensed to hunt big game

species during archery or rifle hunts that coincide with the muzzleloader hunt

- Livestock owners who are protecting their livestock
- Individuals who are licensed to carry a concealed weapon in accordance with Title 53, Chapter 5, Part 7 of the Utah Code (You may not use your concealed firearm to hunt or take protected wildlife.)

Archery equipment

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-12

Archery equipment may be used during any big game hunt except the muzzleloader hunt. To hunt big game with archery equipment, your equipment must meet all of the following requirements:

- Your bow must have a minimum pull of 40 pounds at the draw or the peak, whichever comes first.
- Your arrowheads must have two or more sharp-cutting edges that cannot pass through a 7/8 inch ring. If you're using expanding arrowheads, the arrowheads must have two or more sharp-cutting edges that cannot pass through a 7/8 inch ring when expanded.
- Your arrows must be at least 20 inches long, from the tip of the arrowhead to the tip of the nock, and must weigh at least 300 grains.

You may not use any of the following archery equipment to take big game:

- A crossbow (please see page 8 for an exception to this rule)
- Arrows with chemically treated or explosive arrowheads
- A mechanical device that holds the bow at any increment of draw
- A release aid that is not handheld or that supports the draw weight of the bow
- A bow with an attached electronic range-finding device or a magnifying-aiming device

Please remember that if you carry arrows in

or on a vehicle, the arrows must be in an arrow quiver or a closed case.

If you obtain an archery permit, you may not possess or be in control of a firearm—or have a firearm in your camp or motor vehicle—during the archery hunt. The only exceptions to this rule are the following people:

- Hunters who are licensed to hunt upland game or waterfowl (You must comply with the regulations in the Upland Game Guidebook or Waterfowl Guidebook, and you may possess only those firearms and archery equipment that are legal for taking upland game or waterfowl.)
- Hunters who are licensed to hunt big game species during rifle or muzzleloader hunts that coincide with the archery hunt
- Livestock owners who are protecting their livestock
- Individuals who are licensed to carry a concealed weapon in accordance with Title 53, Chapter 5, Part 7 of the Utah Code (You may not use your concealed firearm to hunt or take protected wildlife.)

Loaded firearms in a vehicle

Utah Code §§ 76-10-502 and 76-10-505

You may not carry a loaded firearm in or on a vehicle. A pistol, revolver, rifle or shotgun is considered loaded when an unfired cartridge, shell or projectile is in the firing position.

Pistols and revolvers are also considered loaded when an unfired cartridge, shell or projectile is in a position whereby the manual operation of any mechanism once would cause the unfired cartridge, shell or projectile to fire.

A muzzleloading firearm is considered loaded when it is capped or primed and has a powder charge and ball or shot in the barrel or cylinders.

Areas where you cannot discharge a firearm

Utah Code § 76-10-508 & Utah Admin. Code R657-12

You may not discharge a dangerous weapon or firearm under any of the following circumstances:

- From a vehicle
- From, upon or across any highway
- At power lines or signs
- At railroad equipment or facilities, including any sign or signal
- Within Utah state park camp or picnic sites, overlooks, golf courses, boat ramps or developed beaches
- Without written permission from the owner or property manager, within 600 feet of:
 - A house, dwelling or any other building
 - Any structure in which a domestic animal is kept or fed, including a barn, poultry yard, corral, feeding pen or stockyard

Carrying a dangerous weapon while under the influence of alcohol or drugs

Utah Code § 76-10-528

You may not carry a dangerous weapon or hunt big game while under the influence of alcohol or drugs. Please see Utah Code 76-10-528 at wildlife.utah.gov/rules for more information.

Areas with special restrictions

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-13

The following areas have certain restrictions. Please be familiar with them before heading into the field.

State waterfowl management areas

All of Utah's waterfowl management areas—except the Stewart's Lake Waterfowl Management Area—are closed to big game hunting.

Are you allowed to possess a weapon?

It is illegal under Utah Code Section 76-10-503 to possess or use a firearm, muzzleloader, archery tackle or any other dangerous weapon if you:

- Have been convicted of or are under indictment for any felony offense;
- Are on probation or parole for a felony offense;
- Are on parole from a secure facility;
- Have been adjudicated delinquent (juvenile) in the last seven years of an offense which if committed by an adult would have been a felony;
- Are an unlawful user of a controlled substance;
- Have been found not guilty by reason of insanity for a felony offense;
- Have been found mentally incompetent to stand trial for a felony offense;
- Have been adjudicated mentally defective as provided in the federal Brady Handgun Violence Prevention Act;
- Have been committed to a mental institution;
- Are an alien who is illegally in the United States;
- Have been dishonorably discharged from the armed forces; or
- Have renounced your United States citizenship.

The purchase or possession of any hunting license, permit, tag or certificate of registration from the Division of Wildlife Resources does not authorize the holder to legally possess or use a firearm, muzzleloader, archery tackle, or any other dangerous weapon while hunting if they are otherwise restricted from possessing these weapons under Section 76-10-503.

State parks

Utah Admin. Code R651-614

Hunting any wildlife is prohibited within the boundaries of all state park areas, except those designated open to hunting by the Division of Parks and Recreation in Utah Admin. Code R651-614-4.

Hunting with rifles, handguns or muzzleloaders in park areas designated open to hunting is prohibited within one mile of all park facilities, including buildings, camp or picnic sites, overlooks, golf courses, boat ramps and developed beaches.

Hunting with shotguns or archery tackle is prohibited within one-quarter mile of the above areas.

National parks and monuments

All of Utah's national parks and monuments—except the Grand Staircase-Escalante National Monument—are closed to hunting.

Native American trust lands

To hunt on Native American trust lands, you must obtain a permit from the Native American tribe that owns the land. You must also observe all of the tribe's wildlife regulations while hunting on these trust lands.

Military installations

All of the military installations in Utah, including Camp Williams, are closed to hunting and trespassing unless you have authorized permission.

Salt Lake County

In Salt Lake County, you may not do any of the following:

- Hunt big game within one-half mile of Silver Lake in Big Cottonwood Canyon
- Hunt on the Red Butte Natural Research Area, which is closed to public access
- Hunt big game—or discharge a shotgun or archery equipment—within 600 feet of a road, house or any other building

- Discharge a rifle, a handgun, a shotgun firing slug ammunition or a muzzleloader, within one mile of a cabin, house or other building that's regularly occupied by people. And if you're hunting west of I-15, you may not discharge a muzzleloader within one-half mile of a cabin, house or other building that's regularly occupied by people.

Please check the special regulations under general any legal weapon buck deer (page 29), general muzzleloader buck deer (page 29), general season bull elk (page 32) and general muzzleloader elk (page 33) for additional restrictions in Salt Lake County.

Also, before hunting in the Salt Lake County area, please check the Salt Lake County and local municipality ordinances regarding firearm restrictions.

Alta

A designated portion of the town of Alta is closed to hunting. Please contact the town of Alta for hunt boundaries and other information.

Matheson Wetlands

You may use only archery equipment, muzzleloaders or shotguns while hunting on the Matheson Wetlands.

County and local municipalities—ordinances

Please check county and local municipality ordinances regarding firearm restrictions before hunting in these areas.

Green River—Jensen, Utah

You may not discharge a firearm, except a shotgun or a muzzleloader, from, upon or across the Green River near Jensen, Utah (from the bridge on US-40 upstream to the Dinosaur National Monument boundary).

Motorized vehicle access on wildlife management areas

Utah Admin. Code R657-9-14

Motorized vehicle travel on state wildlife management areas is restricted to county roads, parking areas, and areas marked or posted open to motorized vehicle travel.

Trespassing

Utah Code §§ 23-20-14 and 23-20-3.5

While taking wildlife or engaging in wildlife-related activities, you may not do any of the following activities:

- Enter upon privately owned land that is cultivated or properly posted without the permission of the owner or the person in charge of the land
- Refuse to immediately leave the private land if requested to do so by the owner or person in charge
- Obstruct any entrance or exit to private property

“Cultivated land” is land that is readily identifiable as land whose soil is loosened or broken up for the raising of crops, land used for the raising of crops, or a pasture that is artificially irrigated.

“Permission” means written authorization from the owner or person in charge to enter upon private land that is cultivated or properly posted. Permission must include all of the following details:

- The signature of the owner or person in charge
- The name of the person being given permission
- The appropriate dates
- A general description of the land

“Properly posted” means that “No Trespassing” signs—or a minimum of 100 square inches of bright yellow, bright orange or fluorescent paint—are displayed at all corners, on fishing streams crossing property lines, and on roads, gates and rights-of-way entering the land. If

metal fence posts are used, the entire exterior side must be painted.

You may not post private property you do not own or legally control or land that is open to the public as provided by Utah Code § 23-21-4. In addition, it is unlawful to take protected wildlife or its parts while trespassing in violation of Utah Code § 23-20-14.

You are guilty of a class B misdemeanor if you violate any provision described in this section. Your license, tag or permit privileges may also be suspended.

Prohibited hunting methods

Spotlighting

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-14

You may not use a spotlight, headlight or other artificial light to locate any protected wildlife, including big game, while having in your possession a firearm or other weapon or device that could be used to take or injure protected wildlife.

The use of a spotlight or other artificial light, in any area where protected wildlife are generally found, is prima facie evidence of attempting to locate protected wildlife. (Prima facie evidence means if you’re spotlighting, the burden of proof falls on you to prove that you were not attempting to locate protected wildlife.)

The provisions of this section do not apply to the use of the headlights of a motor vehicle or other artificial light in a usual manner where there is no attempt or intent to locate protected wildlife.

These provisions also do not apply if you’re licensed to carry a concealed weapon in accordance with Title 53, Chapter 5, Part 7 of the Utah Code, provided you’re not using the concealed weapon to hunt or take wildlife.

Use of vehicle or aircraft

Utah Code § 23-20-12 & Utah Admin. Code R657-5-15

You may not use an airplane or any other airborne vehicle or device, or any motorized terrestrial or aquatic vehicle (except a vessel)—including snowmobiles and other recreational vehicles—to take protected wildlife, including big game.

Also, you may not take protected wildlife that are being chased, harmed, harassed, rallied, herded, flushed, pursued or moved by an aircraft or any other vehicle or transportation device listed above.

In addition, you may not use any type of aircraft, from 48 hours before any big game hunt begins through 48 hours after any big game hunting season ends, to perform any of the following activities:

- Transport a hunter or hunting equipment into a hunting area
- Transport a big game carcass
- Locate, or attempt to observe or locate, any protected wildlife

Flying slowly at low altitudes, or hovering, circling or repeatedly flying over an area where protected wildlife is likely to be found, may be used as evidence that you've violated the restrictions above.

Use of dogs

Utah Code § 23-20-3 & Utah Admin. Code R657-5-16

Dogs may not be used to take, chase, harm or harass big game.

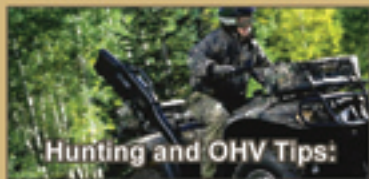
Party hunting

Utah Code § 23-19-1 & Utah Admin. Code R657-5-16

You may not take a big game animal for another person. For example, you cannot kill a big game animal, and then tag the animal with a tag that belongs to one of your hunting companions. This practice is called "party hunting," and it's strictly illegal.

HUNTING AND OHVs

Off-highway vehicles (OHVs) are a great means of transportation to hunting areas. At the same time, you need to be considerate of other hunters and make every effort to avoid disturbing wildlife.



- Begin hunting only after parking your machine at a designated parking area.
- Know and follow vehicle use regulations for your hunting unit so you don't ruin another hunter's trip.
- Stay on existing roads or trails, and ride ethically to protect natural resources, wildlife habitat and your riding privileges.
- It is illegal to carry loaded firearms on and/or shoot from OHVs.
- Drivers eight through 15 must possess an OHV education certificate to legally drive on public land.
- Drivers 16 and older must have a valid driver's license or an OHV certificate.
- Properly fitted and fastened helmets are recommended for all riders, and are required for those under 18.
- Out of state residents riding OHVs to Utah may need to purchase a non-resident permit. Call 1-800-OHV-RIDE.
- OHVs operated or transported on public lands, roads or trails must be registered.

If you see a hunter violating OHV rules, please contact the Utah Division of Wildlife Resources at 1-800-662-DEER.

Utah State Parks is the state OHV authority, providing access, education, and search and rescue on Utah's trails.

1-800-OHV-RIDE
stateparks.utah.gov



Big game contests

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-17

You may not enter a contest or hold a contest that is based on big game or its parts and that offers cash or prizes totaling more than \$500.

Tagging, transporting and exporting big game

Tagging requirements

Utah Code § 23-20-30 & Utah Admin. Code R657-5-18

After you've taken a big game animal, you must tag the animal before you move the carcass from the site of the kill or leave the site of the kill.

To tag a big game animal, completely detach the tag from your big game permit and completely remove the three notches that indicate the date the animal was taken and the sex of the animal. Then, attach the tag to the animal so that the tag remains securely fastened and visible.

You may not remove more than one notch indicating the date or sex, or tag more than one animal, using the same tag. Also, you may not hunt or pursue big game after any of the notches have been removed from the tag or the tag has been detached from your permit.

Your tag must remain with the largest portion of the animal's meat until all of the meat has been eaten.

Transporting big game within Utah

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-19

You must obey the following rules to transport big game in Utah:

- The head or sex organs of the animal you've taken must remain attached to the largest portion of its carcass.
- If you take an elk on a spike bull unit, the antlers must remain attached to the animal's skull plate, and you must transport the skull plate and antlers with the carcass.
- You must accompany the carcass of any big game animal you've harvested, and you must have a valid permit that corresponds

to the tag that's attached to the carcass.

There is one exception to this rule: you may transport a big game animal you did not take if you obtain a shipping permit or a disposal receipt from the Division, or you have a donation slip. You may not donate big game in the field.

Please see the Donating big game section on page 48 for more information.

Transporting big game out of Utah

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-20

You may transport big game or its parts out of Utah if you accompany the big game animal you harvested and you have a valid permit that corresponds to the tag on the animal. The tag must be attached to the largest portion of the carcass.

If you didn't harvest the animal, you must obtain a shipping permit from the Division before taking the animal or its parts out of Utah.

Bringing big game into Utah

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-69

If an elk, mule deer or white-tailed deer has been taken from an area that has been diagnosed with Chronic Wasting Disease, the following are the only parts of the animal you may bring into Utah:

- Meat that is cut and wrapped, either commercially or privately
- Quarters or other portions of meat (no part of the spinal column or head may be attached to the meat)
- Meat that is boned out
- Hides with no heads attached
- Skull plates with antlers attached, but the skull plates must be cleaned of all meat and tissue
- Antlers with no meat or tissue attached
- Upper canine teeth (also known as buglers, whistlers or ivories)
- Finished taxidermy heads

You can learn which areas in North America have been diagnosed with Chronic Wasting

Disease by visiting wildlife.utah.gov/diseases/cwd/ or any Division office.

If you're not a resident of Utah, you can transport harvested elk, mule deer and white-tailed deer from areas that have CWD. However, you may not leave any part of the harvested animal in Utah, and you may not stay more than 24 hours in the state. In addition, your deer or elk may not be processed in Utah.

Possession and use of big game

Donating big game

Utah Code § 23-20-9

The following are the only places you may donate, or give, a big game animal or its parts to another person:

- The residence of the donor
- The residence of the recipient
- A meat locker
- A storage plant
- A meat-processing facility

A written statement of donation must be kept with the animal or its parts. The statement must show:

- The number and species of the wildlife or parts donated
- The date of donation
- The permit number of the donor
- The signature of the donor

There is one exception to the rules above. You may donate the hide of a big game animal to another person or organization at any location, and a donation slip is not required.

Waste of game

Utah Code § 23-20-8

You may not waste any big game animal or permit it to be wasted or spoiled. (Waste means to abandon a big game animal or allow it to spoil or be used in a manner not normally associated with

its beneficial use. For example, using the meat as fertilizer or for trapping bait is not considered a beneficial use of the meat.)

In addition, you may not kill or cripple a big game animal without making a reasonable effort to retrieve it. You must immediately kill any animal you wound and tag the animal.

Purchasing or selling big game or its parts

Utah Code § 23-20-3 & Utah Admin. Code R657-5-21

You may not buy, sell or offer, or possess for sale, barter, exchange or trade, any big game animal or its parts. The only exceptions are the following:

- Antlers, heads and horns of legally taken big game may be bought or sold from Feb. 15, 2009 through July 31, 2009.
- Untanned hides of legally taken big game may be bought or sold from Aug. 1, 2009 through Feb. 13, 2010.
- Inedible byproducts of legally possessed big game—except for hides, antlers and horns—may be bought or sold any time of the year.
- Tanned hides of legally taken big game may be bought or sold any time of the year.
- Shed antlers and horns may be bought or sold any time of the year.
- Protected wildlife that the Division obtains may be sold or donated by the Division or its agents (usually Utah State Surplus) any time of the year. Also, you may purchase or receive protected wildlife from the Division any time of the year.

If you sell or buy antlers, heads, horns or untanned hides, you must keep a transaction record that states all of the following information:

- The name and address of the person who harvested the animal
- The date you sold or bought the items
- The permit number of the person who harvested the animal

There is one exception to this rule: scouting

programs and other charitable organizations do not need to keep a transaction record if they're using untanned hides.

Possession of antlers and horns

Utah Admin. Code R657-5-22

You may possess antlers or horns—or parts of antlers or horns—that were obtained:

- From lawfully harvested big game
- By lawfully meeting the requirements listed in the “Purchasing or selling big game or its parts” section above
- From lawfully gathered antlers or horns shed by big game animals

You may gather shed antlers or horns—or parts of shed antlers or horns—statewide, but there are a couple of seasonal requirements.

From Feb. 1 to Apr. 15, 2009, you must have an antler-gathering certificate on your person while collecting shed antlers or horns. You can obtain this certificate free of charge by visiting wildlife.utah.gov and completing an online education course. You do not need an antler-gathering certificate at any other time of the year.

“Shed antlers” are antlers that a big game animal has dropped naturally as part of its annual life cycle. Shed antlers have a rounded base that’s commonly called an antler button or burr.

A “shed horn” is the sheath from the horn of a pronghorn that the animal has dropped naturally as part of its annual life cycle. Pronghorn are the only big game animals that shed their horns.

Finding a skull with antlers or horns attached

If you find a skull with the antlers or horns still attached, it’s possible the animal was poached. **Do NOT pick up or move the skull, or disturb any footprints or other evidence.** Instead, we encourage you to take the following steps:

- Take photos of the skull from a couple of angles
- Pinpoint the location of the skull (preferably its GPS coordinates)
- Call or visit a Division office to report your find
- Provide key details in your report

The Division will send a conservation officer to investigate and determine if the animal was poached. If it’s clear that the animal was not poached, we may allow you to keep your find.

HUNT TABLES

The 2009 permit numbers will be set by the Wildlife Board in April 2009. This will occur after the application period and before the big game drawing, so biologists can use up-to-date harvest and population census data.

General buck deer hunt

Permit fee: Resident \$35, Nonresident \$263
Use the 3-digit hunt number to apply. Deer preference point code: **GDR**

Hunt #	Archery	Hunt #	Any legal weapon	Hunt #	Muzzleloader	Hunt #	Buck/bull combination
984	Statewide*	985	Northern	995	Northern	200	Northern
		986	Northeastern	996	Northeastern		
		987	Central	997	Central		
		988	Southeastern	998	Southeastern		
		989	Southern	999	Southern		

*You will be required to select a region during the application process. You must hunt within that region from Aug. 15 - Sept. 1. Then, you can hunt open units statewide for the remainder of the archery season.

Youth any bull elk hunts

Permit fee: Resident \$45, Nonresident \$388
Use the 3-digit hunt number to apply.

Hunt #	Hunt name	2009 season dates
498	Youth Late Season Any Bull Elk	11/14–11/22
499	Youth General Any Bull Elk	09/12–09/20

Mandatory reporting

If you obtain a premium limited-entry, limited-entry, management buck deer, CWMU, conservation, convention or once-in-a-lifetime permit, you must complete a harvest survey questionnaire within 30 days after your hunt ends. This information is required even if you didn't harvest an animal.

If you harvested an animal, this is an ideal time to return your tooth packet. Returning your tooth packet does not fulfill the harvest survey requirement.

You can report information about your hunt online at wildlife.utah.gov or by calling

1-800-221-0659.

Reporting your hunt information is important. If you don't report your hunt information within 30 days of the end of the hunt, you won't be allowed to apply for a once-in-a-lifetime, premium limited-entry, limited-entry, management buck deer or CWMU permits, or bonus points in 2010.

If you didn't report your 2008 harvest survey questionnaire by the deadline, you can restore your eligibility to apply for a 2009 permit by paying a \$50 late fee. For more information, call 1-800-221-0659.

HUNT TABLES

Premium limited-entry buck deer

Permit fee: Resident \$163, Nonresident \$563

Use the 3-digit hunt number to apply. Deer bonus point code: **DEE**

Archery hunts

Hunt #	Hunt name	2009 season dates
001	Henry Mountains	08/15 - 09/11
002	Paunsaugunt	08/15 - 09/11

Any legal weapon hunts

Hunt #	Hunt name	2009 season dates
003	Henry Mountains	10/17 - 10/25
004	Paunsaugunt	10/17 - 10/25

Muzzleloader hunts

Hunt #	Hunt name	2009 season dates
005	Henry Mountains	09/23 - 10/01
006	Paunsaugunt	10/26 - 11/05

Management buck hunt (any legal weapon)

Hunt #	Hunt name	2009 season dates
007	Henry Mountains	11/2 - 11/6
008	Paunsaugunt	11/7 - 11/11

HUNT TABLES

Limited-entry buck deer

Permit fee: Resident \$75, Nonresident \$463

Use the 3-digit hunt number to apply. Deer bonus point code: DEE

Archery hunts

Hunt #	Hunt name	2009 season dates
009	South Slope, Diamond Mountain	08/15 - 09/11
010	Book Cliffs	08/15 - 09/11
011	La Sal, Dolores Triangle	11/07 - 11/20
012	San Juan, Elk Ridge	08/15 - 09/11
013	West Desert, Vernon	08/15 - 09/11
014	Fillmore, Oak Creek***	08/15 - 09/11
015	Plateau, Thousand Lake**	08/15 - 09/11

Any legal weapon hunts

Hunt #	Hunt name	2009 season dates
016	South Slope, Diamond Mountain	10/17 - 10/25
017	Book Cliffs	10/17 - 10/25
018	La Sal, Dolores Triangle	11/21 - 12/04
019	San Juan, Elk Ridge	10/17 - 10/25
020	West Desert, Vernon	10/17 - 10/25
021	Fillmore, Oak Creek***	10/17 - 10/25
022	Plateau, Thousand Lake**	10/17 - 10/25

Muzzleloader hunts

Hunt #	Hunt name	2009 season dates
023	Cache, Crawford Mountain	11/21 - 12/06
024	South Slope, Diamond Mountain	09/23 - 10/01
025	Book Cliffs	09/23 - 10/01
026	La Sal, Dolores Triangle	10/24 - 11/01
027	San Juan, Elk Ridge	09/23 - 10/01
028	West Desert, Vernon	09/23 - 10/01
029	Fillmore, Oak Creek***	09/23 - 10/01
030	Plateau, Thousand Lake**	09/23 - 10/01

BLACK TEXT—At least one nonresident permit in 2009 • BLUE TEXT—No nonresident permit in 2009

** Public lands only • ***USFS lands west of I-15 only

HUNT TABLES

Limited-entry bull elk

Permit fee: Resident \$280, Nonresident \$795

Use the 3-digit hunt number to apply. Elk bonus point code: **ELK**

Archery hunts

Hunt #	Hunt name	2009 season dates
302	Cache, North	08/15 - 09/11
303	Cache, South	08/15 - 09/11
304	Cache, Meadowville	08/15 - 09/11
305	North Slope, Three Corners	08/15 - 09/11
306	South Slope, Diamond Mountain	08/15 - 09/11
307	Book Cliffs, Bitter Creek/South	08/15 - 09/11
308	Book Cliffs, Little Creek (roadless)	08/15 - 09/11
309	Nine Mile, Anthro	08/15 - 09/11
310	Nine Mile, Range Creek-South**	08/15 - 09/11
311	La Sal, La Sal Mountains	08/15 - 09/11
312	San Juan	08/15 - 09/11
313	Central Mountains, Manti	08/15 - 09/11
314	Central Mountains, Nebo	08/15 - 09/11
315	Wasatch Mountains	08/15 - 09/11
316	Oquirrh-Stansbury	08/15 - 09/11
317	West Desert, Deep Creek	08/15 - 09/11
318	Southwest Desert	08/15 - 09/11
319	Fillmore, Pahvant	08/15 - 09/11
320	Fillmore, Oak Creek South	08/15 - 09/11
321	Beaver	08/15 - 09/11
322	Monroe	08/15 - 09/11
323	Mt. Dutton	08/15 - 09/11
324	Plateau, Fishlake/Thousand Lake	08/15 - 09/11
325	Plateau, Boulder/Kaiparowits	08/15 - 09/11
326	Paunsaugunt	08/15 - 09/11
327	Panguitch Lake	08/15 - 09/11

BLACK TEXT—At least one nonresident permit in 2009 • BLUE TEXT—No nonresident permit in 2009

** Public lands only

HUNT TABLES

Limited-entry bull elk (continued)

Any legal weapon hunts

Hunt #	Hunt name	2009 season dates
328	Box Elder, Pilot Mountain	09/12 - 10/02
329	Box Elder, Grouse Creek	09/12 - 09/20
330	Cache, North (early)	09/12 - 09/20
331	Cache, North (late)	11/07 - 11/13
332	Cache, South (early)	09/12 - 09/20
333	Cache, South (late)	11/07 - 11/13
334	Cache, Meadowville (early)	09/12 - 09/20
335	Cache, Meadowville (late)	11/07 - 11/13
336	North Slope, Three Corners	10/01 - 10/14
337	South Slope, Diamond Mountain (early)	09/12 - 09/20
338	South Slope, Diamond Mountain (late)	10/03 - 10/15
339	Book Cliffs, Bitter Creek/South (early)	09/12 - 09/20
340	Book Cliffs, Bitter Creek/South (late)	11/07 - 11/13
341	Book Cliffs, Little Creek (roadless)	09/12 - 09/20
342	Nine Mile, Anthro (early)	09/12 - 09/20
343	Nine Mile, Anthro (late)	11/07 - 11/13
344	Nine Mile, Range Creek-South (early)**	09/12 - 09/20
345	Nine Mile, Range Creek-South (late)**	11/07 - 12/31
346	La Sal, La Sal Mountains (early)	09/12 - 09/20
347	La Sal, La Sal Mountains (late)	11/07 - 11/13
348	La Sal, Dolores Triangle	12/12/09-01/31/10
349	San Juan (early)	09/12 - 09/20
350	San Juan (late)	11/07 - 11/13
351	Central Mountains, Manti (early)	09/12 - 09/22
352	Central Mountains, Manti (late)	11/07 - 11/13
353	Central Mountains, Nebo (early)	09/12 - 09/20
354	Wasatch Mountains (early)	09/12 - 09/20
355	Oquirrh-Stansbury (early)	09/12 - 09/20

BLACK TEXT—At least one nonresident permit in 2009 • BLUE TEXT—No nonresident permit in 2009

** Public lands only

HUNT TABLES

Limited-entry bull elk (continued)

Any legal weapon hunts (continued)

Hunt #	Hunt name	2009 season dates
356	Oquirrh-Stansbury (late)	11/07 - 11/13
357	West Desert, Deep Creek	09/12 - 09/20
358	Southwest Desert (early)	09/12 - 09/20
359	Southwest Desert (late)	11/07 - 11/13
360	Fillmore, Pahvant (early)	09/12 - 09/20
361	Fillmore, Pahvant (late)	11/07 - 11/13
362	Fillmore, Oak Creek South (early)	09/12 - 09/20
363	Fillmore, Oak Creek South (late)	11/07 - 11/13
364	Beaver (early)	09/12 - 09/20
365	Beaver (late)	11/07 - 11/13
366	Monroe (early)	09/12 - 09/20
367	Monroe (late)	11/07 - 11/13
368	Mt. Dutton (early)	09/12 - 09/20
369	Mt. Dutton (late)	11/07 - 11/13
370	Plateau, Fishlake/Thousand Lake (early)	09/12 - 09/20
371	Plateau, Fishlake/Thousand Lake (late)	11/07 - 11/13
372	Plateau, Boulder/Kaiparowits (early)	09/12 - 09/20
373	Plateau, Boulder/Kaiparowits (late)	11/07 - 11/13
374	Paunsaugunt	09/12 - 09/20
375	Panguitch Lake (early)	09/12 - 09/20
376	Panguitch Lake (late)	11/07 - 11/13

Muzzleloader hunts

Hunt #	Hunt name	2009 season dates
377	Cache, North	09/23- 10/01
378	Cache, South	09/23- 10/01
379	Cache, Meadowville	09/23- 10/01
380	North Slope, Three Corners	11/07 - 11/13

BLACK TEXT—At least one nonresident permit in 2009 • BLUE TEXT—No nonresident permit in 2009

HUNT TABLES

Limited-entry bull elk (continued)

Muzzleloader hunts (continued)

Hunt #	Hunt name	2009 season dates
381	South Slope, Diamond Mountain	09/23- 10/01
382	Book Cliffs, Bitter Creek/South	09/23- 10/01
383	Book Cliffs, Little Creek (roadless)	09/23- 10/01
384	Nine Mile, Anthro	09/23- 10/01
385	Nine Mile, Range Creek-South**	09/23- 10/01
386	La Sal, La Sal Mountains	09/23- 10/01
387	San Juan	09/23- 10/01
388	Central Mountains, Manti	09/23- 10/01
389	Central Mountains, Nebo	09/23- 10/01
390	Wasatch Mountains	09/23- 10/01
391	Oquirrh-Stansbury	09/23- 10/01
392	West Desert, Deep Creek	09/23- 10/01
393	Southwest Desert	09/23- 10/01
394	Fillmore, Pahvant	09/23- 10/01
395	Fillmore, Oak Creek South	09/23- 10/01
396	Beaver	09/23- 10/01
397	Monroe	09/23- 10/01
398	Mt. Dutton	09/23- 10/01
399	Plateau, Fishlake/Thousand Lake	09/23- 10/01
400	Plateau, Boulder/Kaiparowits	09/23- 10/01
401	Paunsaugunt	09/23- 10/01
402	Panguitch Lake	09/23- 10/01

BLACK TEXT—At least one nonresident permit in 2009 • BLUE TEXT—No nonresident permit in 2009

** Public lands only

HUNT TABLES

Limited-entry bull elk (continued)

Premium hunts

Permit fee: Resident \$508, Nonresident \$1,500

Hunt#	Hunt name	2009 season dates
403	Cache, North	All Limited Entry Seasons
404	Cache, South	All Limited Entry Seasons
405	North Slope, Three Corners	All Limited Entry Seasons
406	South Slope, Diamond Mountain	All Limited Entry Seasons
407	Book Cliffs, Bitter Creek/South	All Limited Entry Seasons
408	Book Cliffs, Little Creek (roadless)	All Limited Entry Seasons
409	Nine Mile, Anthro	All Limited Entry Seasons
410	La Sal, La Sal Mountains	All Limited Entry Seasons
411	San Juan	All Limited Entry Seasons
412	Central Mountains, Manti	All Limited Entry Seasons
413	Central Mountains, Nebo	All Limited Entry Seasons
414	Wasatch Mountains	All Limited Entry Seasons
415	Oquirrh-Stansbury	All Limited Entry Seasons
416	Southwest Desert	All Limited Entry Seasons
417	Fillmore, Pahvant	All Limited Entry Seasons
418	Fillmore, Oak Creek South	All Limited Entry Seasons
419	Beaver	All Limited Entry Seasons
420	Monroe	All Limited Entry Seasons
421	Mt. Dutton	All Limited Entry Seasons
422	Plateau, Fishlake/Thousand Lake	All Limited Entry Seasons
423	Plateau, Boulder/Kaiparowits	All Limited Entry Seasons
424	Paunsaugunt	All Limited Entry Seasons
425	Panguitch Lake	All Limited Entry Seasons

BLACK TEXT—At least one nonresident permit in 2009 • BLUE TEXT—No nonresident permit in 2009

HUNT TABLES

Limited-entry pronghorn

Permit fee: Resident \$50, Nonresident \$288

Use the 3-digit hunt number to apply. Pronghorn bonus point code: **PRO**

Archery hunts

Hunt #	Hunt name	2009 season dates
800	Box Elder, Pilot Mtn.	08/15 - 09/11
801	Box Elder, Promontory*	08/15 - 09/11
802	Box Elder, Puddle Valley	08/15 - 09/11
803	Box Elder, Snowville	08/15 - 09/11
804	Cache, North Rich	08/15 - 09/11
805	North Slope, West Daggett/Three Corners	08/15 - 09/11
806	South Slope, Vernal	08/15 - 09/11
807	South Slope, Bonanza/Diamond Mtn.	08/15 - 09/11
808	Book Cliffs, Bitter Creek	08/15 - 09/11
809	Book Cliffs, South (Cisco)	08/15 - 09/11
810	Nine Mile, Anthro	08/15 - 09/11
811	San Rafael, North	08/15 - 09/11
812	San Rafael, Desert	08/15 - 09/11
813	West Desert, Riverbed	08/15 - 09/11
814	West Desert, Rush Valley	08/15 - 09/11
815	West Desert, Snake Valley	08/15 - 09/11
816	Southwest Desert	08/15 - 09/11
817	Beaver	08/15 - 09/11
818	Fillmore, Black Rock Desert	08/15 - 09/11
819	Mt. Dutton/Paunsaugunt	08/15 - 09/11
820	Plateau	08/15 - 08/29
821	Pine Valley	08/15 - 09/11

Any legal weapon hunts

Hunt #	Hunt name	2009 season dates
822	Box Elder, Pilot Mountain	09/12 - 09/22

BLACK TEXT—At least one nonresident permit in 2009 • BLUE TEXT—No nonresident permit in 2009

* Mostly private lands

HUNT TABLES

Limited-entry pronghorn (continued)

Any legal weapon hunts (continued)

Hunt #	Hunt name	2009 season dates
823	Box Elder, Promontory*	09/12 - 09/22
824	Box Elder, Puddle Valley	09/12 - 09/22
825	Box Elder, Snowville*	09/12 - 09/22
826	Cache, North Rich	09/12 - 09/22
827	Morgan, South Rich	09/12 - 09/22
828	North Slope, Summit	09/12 - 09/22
829	North Slope, West Daggett/Three Corners	09/12 - 09/22
830	South Slope, Vernal	09/12 - 09/22
831	South Slope, Bonanza/Diamond Mountain	09/12 - 09/22
832	Book Cliffs, Bitter Creek	09/12 - 09/22
833	Book Cliffs, South (Cisco)	09/12 - 09/22
834	Nine Mile, Anthro	09/12 - 09/22
835	Nine Mile, Range Creek	09/12 - 09/22
836	San Rafael, North	09/12 - 09/22
837	San Rafael, Desert	09/12 - 09/22
838	La Sal, South Cisco	09/12 - 09/22
839	San Juan, Hatch Point	09/12 - 09/22
840	West Desert, Riverbed	09/12 - 09/22
841	West Desert, Rush Valley	09/12 - 09/22
842	West Desert, Snake Valley	09/12 - 09/22
843	Southwest Desert	09/12 - 09/22
844	Beaver	09/12 - 09/22
845	Fillmore, Black Rock Desert	09/12 - 09/22
846	Mt. Dutton/Paunsaugunt	09/12 - 09/22
847	Plateau	09/12 - 09/22
848	Kaiparowits	09/12 - 09/22
849	Panguitch Lake	09/12 - 09/22
850	Pine Valley	09/12 - 09/22

BLACK TEXT—At least one nonresident permit in 2009 • BLUE TEXT—No nonresident permit in 2009

* Mostly private lands

HUNT TABLES

Once-in-a-lifetime species: Bull moose

Permit fee: Resident \$408, Nonresident \$1,513

Use the 3-digit hunt number to apply. Moose bonus point code: **M00**

Hunt #	Hunt name	2009 season dates
900	Cache	09/12 - 09/22 & 10/03 - 10/25
901	Ogden*	09/12 - 09/22 & 10/03 - 10/25
902	Morgan, South Rich*	09/12 - 09/22 & 10/03 - 10/25
903	East Canyon*	09/12 - 09/22 & 10/03 - 10/25
904	East Canyon, Morgan-Summit*	09/12 - 09/22 & 10/03 - 10/25
905	Chalk Creek*	09/12 - 09/22 & 10/03 - 10/25
906	Kamas	09/12 - 09/22 & 10/03 - 10/25
907	North Slope, Summit (New Boundary)	09/12 - 09/22 & 10/03 - 10/25
908	North Slope, West Daggett/Three Corners (New Boundary)	09/12 - 09/22 & 10/03 - 10/25
909	South Slope, Yellowstone	09/12 - 09/22 & 10/03 - 10/25
910	South Slope, Vernal/Diamond Mountain	09/12 - 09/22 & 10/03 - 10/25
911	Wasatch Mountains	09/12 - 09/22 & 10/03 - 10/25

BLACK TEXT—At least one nonresident permit in 2009 • BLUE TEXT—No nonresident permit in 2009

*This unit is composed of all or largely private property. Hunters should acquire written permission from the landowner **before** applying for this hunt.

HUNT TABLES

Once-in-a-lifetime species: Bison

Antelope Island permit fee: Resident \$1,105, Nonresident \$2,610. Henry Mountains permit fee: Resident \$408, Nonresident \$1,513

Use the 3-digit hunt number to apply. Bison bonus point code: **BIS**

Hunt #	Hunt name	2009 season dates
940	Antelope Island	12/07 - 12/09
941	Henry Mountains, Cow Only	10/03 - 10/12
942	Henry Mountains, Hunter's Choice	11/07 - 11/20
943	Henry Mountains, Hunter's Choice	11/21 - 12/04
944	Henry Mountains, Cow Only	12/05 - 12/13
945	Henry Mountains, Cow Only	12/15 - 12/22
946	Henry Mountains, Cow Only	12/23 - 12/31

Once-in-a-lifetime species: Desert bighorn sheep

Permit fee: Resident \$508, Nonresident \$1,513

Use the 3-digit hunt number to apply. Desert bighorn sheep bonus point code: **DBS**

Hunt #	Hunt name	2009 season dates
950	San Rafael, North**	09/19 - 11/08
951	San Rafael, South	09/19 - 11/08
952	San Rafael, Dirty Devil	09/19 - 11/08
953	La Sal, Potash	09/19 - 11/08
954	San Juan, South	09/19 - 11/08
955	San Juan, Lockhart	09/19 - 11/08
956	Henry Mountains	09/19 - 11/08
957	Kaiparowits, East***	09/19 - 11/08
958	Kaiparowits, West	09/19 - 11/08
959	Kaiparowits, Escalante	09/19 - 11/08
960	Pine Valley, Virgin River	10/26 - 12/29

BLACK TEXT—At least one nonresident permit in 2009 • BLUE TEXT—No nonresident permit in 2009

**Nonresidents may hunt both the North and South San Rafael subunits—Apply for hunt #950

***Nonresidents may hunt all Kaiparowits subunits—Apply for hunt #957

HUNT TABLES

Once-in-a-lifetime species: Rocky Mountain bighorn sheep

Permit fee: Resident \$508, Nonresident \$1,513

Use the 3-digit hunt number to apply. Rocky Mountain bighorn sheep bonus point code: **RMB**

Hunt #	Hunt name	2009 season dates
961	Box Elder, Newfoundland Mountain	11/02 - 11/30
962	North Slope, West Daggett	10/31 - 11/30
963	North Slope, Three Corners	09/19 - 11/30
964	Book Cliffs, South (Rattlesnake)	11/02 - 11/30
965	Nine Mile, Range Creek**	11/02 - 11/30

Once-in-a-lifetime species: Rocky Mountain goat

Permit fee: Resident \$408, Nonresident \$1,513

Use the 3-digit hunt number to apply. Rocky Mountain goat bonus point code: **GOA**

Hunt #	Hunt name	2009 season dates
970	Ogden, Willard Peak	09/12 - 10/04
971	Ogden, Willard Peak (female goat only)	10/05 - 10/18
972	Kamas/Chalk Creek	09/12 - 10/18
973	North Slope/South Slope, High Uintas West	09/12 - 10/18
974	North Slope/South Slope, High Uintas Central	09/12 - 10/18
975	North Slope/South Slope, High Uintas East	09/12 - 10/18
976	North Slope/South Slope, High Uintas Leidy Peak	09/12 - 10/18
977	Wasatch Mountains, Lone Peak***	09/12 - 10/18
978	Wasatch Mountains, Box Elder Peak	09/12 - 10/18
979	Wasatch Mountains, Timpanogos	09/12 - 10/18
980	Wasatch Mountains, Provo Peak	09/12 - 10/18
981	Beaver	09/12 - 09/27
982	Beaver (new hunt)	09/28 - 10/18
983	Beaver (female goat only, new hunt)	09/12 - 10/18

BLACK TEXT—At least one nonresident permit in 2009 • BLUE TEXT—No nonresident permit in 2009

**Nonresidents may hunt both the Nine Mile, Range Creek and the Book Cliffs, South (Rattlesnake) subunits—Apply for hunt #965

***Nonresidents may hunt all Wasatch Mountains subunits—Apply for hunt #977

HUNT TABLES

CWMU buck deer permits

The following timeframes are established by the Wildlife Board for hunting opportunities on CWMUs. Hunters should expect to hunt at least 5 days within these timeframes, although the CWMU operator can choose to extend the hunt. Before applying for a CWMU permit, hunters are encouraged to contact the operator to obtain information about hunt dates, permitted weapons and other rules. If you draw a permit, you **must** contact the CWMU operator to confirm your season dates.

Archery buck deer	Aug. 15, 2009 to Oct. 31, 2009
Any legal weapon buck deer	Sept. 1, 2009 to Oct. 31, 2009
Muzzleloader buck deer	Sept. 1, 2009 to Oct. 31, 2009

Some CWMUs are granted hunting seasons outside of these timeframes. Those displaying an asterisk (*) in the unit name have been authorized to hunt buck deer as late as Nov. 10. These units have agreed to give public hunters the option to choose a November deer hunt.

CWMU premium buck deer

Permit fee: Resident \$163, use the 3-digit hunt number to apply.

Nonresidents may only obtain a CWMU permit directly through the operator.

Hunt #	Hunt name	County	Public permits	Operator	Phone numbers
031	Alton	Kane	5	Wade Heaton	(435) 648-2029

CWMU buck deer

Permit fee: Resident \$35, use the 3-digit hunt number to apply.

Nonresidents may only obtain a CWMU permit directly through the operator.

Hunt #	Hunt name	County	Public permits	Operator	Phone numbers
032	Blue Spring Hills	Box Elder	2	Greg Marble	(435) 854-3747 or (435) 279-6063
033	Bootjack*	Box Elder	1	Bob Montgomery	(435) 723-5864
034	Dove Creek*	Box Elder	2	Colby Roberts	(435) 257-1277 or (435) 452-1759
035	Engineer Springs	Box Elder	1	Ben Adams	(435) 279-4223
036	Fort Ranch*	Box Elder	1	Rick Ellis	(208) 681-9829 or (435) 471-7411
037	Golden Spike	Box Elder	1	Scott Sandall	(435) 257-3401
038	Ingham Peak*	Box Elder	11	John Maxfield	(801) 597-1745
039	North Promontory*	Box Elder	2	David Keller	(435) 757-9875 or (435) 245-7578

* Authorized to hunt buck deer as late as Nov. 10. Public hunters have the option to choose a November hunt.

HUNT TABLES

CWMU buck deer (continued)

Hunt #	Hunt name	County	Public permits	Operator	Phone numbers
040	Park Valley Hereford	Box Elder	13	Jeff Sessions	(208) 824-5721
041	Pocatello Valley*	Box Elder	1	Dave Freiss	(801) 598-8709
042	Promontory Point*	Box Elder	1	Dave Freiss	(801) 598-8709
043	Rattlesnake Pass	Box Elder	3	Timothy Hale	(253) 344-1336
044	Twin Peaks	Box Elder	4	Milt Oman	(435) 747-7355
045	Washakie*	Box Elder	1	Ash Jenkins	(801) 891-1250 or (801) 561-9020
046	West Hills*	Box Elder	3	John Andersen	(801) 710-1712
047	Whites Valley	Box Elder	4	Wyatt Goring	(435) 787-4211
048	Clear Valley Ranch*	Box Elder	1	Jeff Sessions	(208) 824-5721
049	Indian Creek*	Box Elder	2	Jeff Sessions	(208) 824-5721
050	Nucor West*	Box Elder	2	John Vicars	(435) 757-7355
051	Blind Spring*	Box Elder	1	Bret Selman	(435) 257-5260
052	Cotton Junction*	Box Elder	5	Gary Web	(801) 836-8411
053	Mountain Meadow*	Box Elder	2	Jed Heaton	(208) 430-8789
054	Strawberry Ridge*	Cache/ Rich	1	Tom Land	(801) 791-6551
055	Bear Spring*	Morgan/ Weber	1	Justin Richins	(435) 655-5484
056	Broadmouth*	Weber	3	Garet Jones	(801) 814-6261 or (801) 814-6261
057	Coldwater Ranch	Cache	2	Jake Peterson	(435) 752-1967
058	Green Canyon*	Cache	1	Reed Baldwin	(435) 245-3747
059	South Canyon*	Box Elder/ Cache	2	Jed Wayment	(435) 336-4146

* Authorized to hunt buck deer as late as Nov. 10. Public hunters have the option to choose a November hunt.

HUNT TABLES

CWMU buck deer (continued)

Hunt #	Hunt name	County	Public permits	Operator	Phone numbers
060	Sardine Canyon	Box Elder/Cache	2	Chandler Horsley	(801) 865-4504
061	Coalhollow Bench*	Morgan	1	John Barton	(801) 541-1473
062	Deseret	Morgan/ Rich/ Weber	25	Rick Danvir	(435) 793-4203 or (435) 793-4161
063	Bastian Ranch*	Weber	1	Jay Anderson	(801) 479-0123 or (801) 543-9539
064	Durst Mountain*	Morgan	2	John Hansen	(801) 540-2000
065	Folley Ridge*	Morgan	3	John Hansen	(801) 540-2000
066	Guilder-sleeve*	Morgan	3	Mike Morgan	(435) 901-1805 or (435) 655-2953
067	Hell Canyon*	Morgan	2	Kim Bonnett	(801) 785-5050
068	Middle Ridge*	Rich	4	Tom Land	(435) 881-4608 or (801) 791-6551
069	Skull Crack*	Morgan/ Weber	1	Clint Menke	(801) 389-2006 or (801) 745-9604
070	Woodruff Creek South*	Rich	3	Ryan Foutz	(801) 243-9882
071	Bally Watts*	Morgan, Weber	2	Jed Wayment	(435) 336-4146
072	Big Mountain*	Morgan/ Summit	3	Mike Macfarlane	(801) 467-2003 or (801) 330-3860
073	Hardscrabble*	Davis/ Morgan/ Salt Lake	2	Fred John	(801) 540-3733
074	Jacob's Creek*	Davis/ Morgan	1	Justin Richins	(435) 655-5484
075	Lone Tree Taylor Hollow*	Morgan/ Summit	4	Kirt Richins	(435) 336-4118
076	East Fork Chalk Creek*	Summit	3	Calvin Haskell	(801) 298-0350 or (801) 562-0054

* Authorized to hunt buck deer as late as Nov. 10. Public hunters have the option to choose a November hunt.

HUNT TABLES

CWMU buck deer (continued)

Hunt #	Hunt name	County	Public permits	Operator	Phone numbers
077	Ensign Ranches*	Morgan/Rich/Weber	4	Travis Murphy	(801) 731-2460 or (801) 430-0876
078	Grass Valley/Clark Canyon*	Summit	13	Daniel Richins	(801) 510-5847 or (801) 718-4238
079	State Corner	Summit	4	Greg Bird	(801) 310-4962
080	Two Bear	Summit	2	Kim Rolfe	(801) 255-6710
081	Weber Florence Creek	Summit	8	Steve Woolstenhulme	(435) 336-1373 or (435) 336-0303
082	Minnie Maud Ridge	Carbon/Duchesne	5	Calvin Haskell	(801) 599-9144 or (801) 718-4238
083	Preston Nutter Ranch	Carbon	1	Blair Eastman	(435) 653-2661
084	Antelope Creek*	Duchesne	1	George Kennedy	(435) 353-4677 or (435) 823-6316
085	Roan Cliffs	Carbon	4	Todd Hinkins	(435) 748-5304 or (435) 749-1466
086	J.B. Ranch	Grand/San Juan	2	J. P. Zachry	(210) 554-4500
087	Redd Ranches	Grand/San Juan	2	David Redd	(435) 459-4930
088	Spring Creek/Dodge	San Juan	8	Kurt Lewis	(435) 587-2113 or (435) 587-2113
089	Summit Point	San Juan	3	Owen Poole	(435) 587-2850
090	Oak Ranch*	Sevier	4	Scott Johnson	(435) 529-7443 or (435) 979-0099
091	Old Woman Plateau*	Sevier	5	Michael Labrum	(435) 896-1800
092	Castle Valley Outdoors*	Emery	1	James Fauver	(435) 286-2383 or (435) 749-0508
093	Hiawatha*	Carbon/Emery	1	Ash Jenkins	(801) 891-1250 or (801) 561-9020
094	Scofield Canyons*	Carbon/Utah	3	Devon Ivie	(801) 225-3082
095	Scofield West	Carbon/Utah	2	Jared Brown	(801) 629-3002

* Authorized to hunt buck deer as late as Nov. 10. Public hunters have the option to choose a November hunt.

HUNT TABLES

CWMU buck deer (continued)

Hunt #	Hunt name	County	Public permits	Operator	Phone numbers
096	Soldier Summit	Carbon/ Utah/ Wasatch	2	Shayne Ford	(801) 376-8651
097	Bear Mountain*	Sanpete	1	Darick Mower	(801) 362-1157
098	Heartland West*	Juab/ Sanpete	2	Rob Brasher	(801) 366-3801 or (801) 231-5328
099	Emma Park	Carbon/ Duchesne/ Utah	3	Randy Eames	(435) 563-5316
100	Little Red Creek*	Wasatch	3	Gary Stringham	(801) 380-1055
101	Mill Hollow*	Duchesne	1	Danny Adams	(770) 294-0507
102	Moon's Ranch*	Duchesne	2	Tom Giles	(435) 848-5002 or (435) 733-0504
103	Coyote Little Pole*	Wasatch	2	David Cummings	(435) 783-3022
104	Double R Ranch*	Wasatch	1	Brad Baird	(435) 654-2412
105	Three C*	Wasatch	2	Jerry Christensen	(435) 654-1819
106	Wallsburg*	Wasatch	1	Shayne Ford	(801) 376-8651
107	Heaston East*	Salt Lake	2	Terry Thatcher	(801) 599-9133 or (801) 519-9133
108	Skull Valley North*	Tooele	1	Travis Murphy	(801) 731-2460 or (801) 430-0876
109	Skull Valley South*	Tooele	1	Travis Murphy	(801) 731-2460
110	Westlake*	Utah	1	Shayne Ford	(801) 376-8651
111	Missouri Flat*	Millard/ Sevier	1	Jed Wayment	(435) 336-4146
112	Round Valley*	Millard	1	Jed Wayment	(435) 336-4146
113	Bar J Ranch	Sevier	3	Greg Simonsen	(801) 328-0266
114	Boobe Hole*	Sevier	2	Kurtley Peterson	(435) 896-5856 or (435) 979-6585

* Authorized to hunt buck deer as late as Nov. 10. Public hunters have the option to choose a November hunt.

HUNT TABLES

CWMU buck deer (continued)

Hunt #	Hunt name	County	Public permits	Operator	Phone numbers
115	Grazing Pasture*	Sevier	4	Ben Peterson	(435) 632-3544 or (435) 703-4145
116	Johnson Mountain Ranch	Sevier	3	David Kavanagh	(801) 944-8802 or (801) 944-8802
117	Mt. Carmel*	Kane	2	Jason Sorensen	(435) 648-2286

* Authorized to hunt buck deer as late as Nov. 10. Public hunters have the option to choose a November hunt.

HUNT TABLES

CWMU any bull elk permits

The following timeframes are established by the Wildlife Board for hunting opportunities on CWMUs. Hunters should expect to hunt at least 5 days within these timeframes, although the CWMU operator can choose to extend the hunt. Before applying for a CWMU permit, hunters are encouraged to contact the operator to obtain information about hunt dates, permitted weapons and other rules. If you draw a permit, you **must** contact the CWMU operator to confirm your season dates.

Archery bull elk	Aug. 15, 2009 to Oct. 31, 2009
Any legal weapon bull elk	Sept. 1, 2009 to Oct. 31, 2009
Muzzleloader bull elk	Sept. 1, 2009 to Nov. 9, 2009

Some CWMUs are granted hunting seasons outside of these timeframes. Those displaying an asterisk (*) in the unit name have been authorized to hunt bull elk into November. These units have agreed to give public hunters the option to choose a November elk hunt.

CWMU any bull elk

Permit fee: Resident \$280, use the 3-digit hunt number to apply.

Nonresidents may only obtain a CWMU permit directly through the operator.

Hunt #	Hunt name	County	Public permits	Operator	Phone numbers
430	Double Cone	Box Elder	3	Boyd Warr	(435) 747-7396
431	Grouse Creek	Box Elder	1	Shorty Williams	(435) 747-7374
432	Twin Peaks/ Goose Creek	Box Elder	3	Milt Oman	(435) 747-7355
433	Strawberry Ridge	Cache/Rich	1	Tom Land	(801) 791-6551
434	SJ Ranch	Cache	1	Rick Johnson	(435) 946-3407
435	Bear Spring*	Morgan/ Weber	1	Justin Richins	(435) 655-5484
436	Broadmouth	Weber	1	Garet Jones	(801) 814-6261 or (801) 814-6261
437	Coldwater Ranch	Cache	1	Jake Peterson	(435) 752-1967
438	South Canyon	Box Elder/ Cache	1	Jed Wayment	(435) 336-4146
439	Cedar Canyon	Morgan	1	Bud Keyes	(435) 336-5856
440	Deseret	Morgan/ Rich/Weber	12	Rick Danvir	(435) 793-4203 or (435) 793-4161
441	Bastian Ranch*	Weber	1	Jay Anderson	(801) 479-0123 or (801) 543-9539

* Authorized to hunt bull elk into November. Public hunters have the option to choose a November hunt.

HUNT TABLES

CWMU any bull elk (continued)

Hunt #	Hunt name	County	Public permits	Operator	Phone numbers
442	Durst Mountain	Morgan	2	John Hansen	(801) 540-2000
443	Folley Ridge	Morgan	2	John Hansen	(801) 540-2000
444	Guildersleeve	Morgan	1	Mike Morgan	(435) 901-1805 or (435) 655-2953
445	Hell Canyon	Morgan	2	Kim Bonnett	(801) 785-5050
446	Middle Ridge	Rich	2	Tom Land	(435) 881-4608 or (801) 791-6551
447	Skull Crack	Morgan/ Weber	1	Clint Menke	(801) 389-2006 or (801) 745-9604
448	Woodruff Creek South	Rich	2	Ryan Foutz	(801) 243-9882
449	Big Mountain	Morgan/ Summit	3	Mike Macfarlane	(801) 467-2003 or (801) 330-3860
450	Hardscrabble	Davis/Morgan/Salt Lake	2	Fred John	(801) 540-3733
451	Jacob's Creek	Davis/ Morgan	1	Justin Richins	(435) 655-5484
452	Lone Tree Taylor Hollow	Morgan/ Summit	2	Kirt Richins	(435) 336-4118
453	East Fork Chalk Creek*	Summit	2	Calvin Haskell	(801) 298-0350 or (801) 562-0054
454	Ensign Ranches	Morgan/ Rich/Weber	2	Travis Murphy	(801) 731-2460 or (801) 430-0876
455	Grass Valley/ Clark Canyon*	Summit	8	Daniel Richins	(801) 510-5847 or (801) 718-4238
456	State Corner	Summit	4	Greg Bird	(801) 310-4962
457	Two Bear	Summit	3	Kim Rolfe	(801) 255-6710
458	Weber Florence Creek*	Summit	6	Steve Woolstenhulme	(435) 336-1373 or (435) 336-0303
459	Minnie Maud Ridge	Carbon/ Duchesne	5	Calvin Haskell	(801) 599-9144 or (801) 718-4238
460	Preston Nutter Ranch	Carbon	2	Blair Eastman	(435) 653-2661

* Authorized to hunt bull elk into November. Public hunters have the option to choose a November hunt.

HUNT TABLES

CWMU any bull elk (continued)

Hunt #	Hunt name	County	Public permits	Operator	Phone numbers
461	Roan Cliffs	Carbon	2	Todd Hinkins	(435) 748-5304 or (435) 749-1466
462	Conover-Jensen	Carbon	1	Gil Conover	(435) 384-2221
463	J.B. Ranch	Grand/San Juan	1	J. P. Zachry	(210) 554-4500
464	Redd Ranches	Grand/San Juan	2	David Redd	(435) 459-4930
465	Spring Creek/Dodge	San Juan	2	Kurt Lewis	(435) 587-2113 or (435) 587-2113
466	Summit Point	San Juan	1	Owen Poole	(435) 587-2850
467	Old Woman Plateau*	Sevier	3	Michael Labrum	(435) 896-1800
468	Hiawatha*	Carbon/Emery	1	Ash Jenkins	(801) 891-1250 or (801) 561-9020
469	Scofield Canyons	Carbon/Utah	1	Devon Ivie	(801) 225-3082
470	Scofield East	Carbon	1	Steve Stamatakis	(435) 637-3072
471	Scofield West	Carbon/Utah	1	Jared Brown	(801) 629-3002
472	Soldier Summit	Carbon/Utah/Wasatch	2	Shayne Ford	(801) 376-8651
473	Bear Mountain	Sanpete	1	Darick Mower	(801) 362-1157
474	Emma Park	Carbon/Duchesne/Utah	1	Randy Eames	(435) 563-5316
475	Little Red Creek	Wasatch	1	Gary Stringham	(801) 380-1055
476	Moon's Ranch	Duchesne	1	Tom Giles	(435) 848-5002 or (435) 733-0504
477	Sand Wash/Sink Draw*	Duchesne	1	Allan Smith	(435) 725-3232
478	Coyote Little Pole	Wasatch	1	David Cummings	(435) 783-3022

* Authorized to hunt bull elk into November. Public hunters have the option to choose a November hunt.

HUNT TABLES

CWMU any bull elk (continued)

Hunt #	Hunt name	County	Public permits	Operator	Phone numbers
479	Three C	Wasatch	2	Jerry Christensen	(435) 654-1819
480	Wallsburg	Wasatch	1	Shayne Ford	(801) 376-8651
481	Heaston East*	Salt Lake	2	Terry Thatcher	(801) 599-9133 or (801) 519-9133
482	Missouri Flat	Millard/Sevier	1	Jed Wayment	(435) 336-4146
483	Bar J Ranch	Sevier	2	Greg Simonsen	(801) 328-0266
484	Boobe Hole	Sevier	1	Kurtley Peterson	(435) 896-5856 or (435) 979-6585
485	Grazing Pasture	Sevier	1	Ben Peterson	(435) 632-3544 or (435) 703-4145
486	Johnson Mountain Ranch	Sevier	2	David Kavanagh	(801) 944-8802 or (801) 944-8802
487	Alton	Kane	1	Wade Heaton	(435) 648-2029

* Authorized to hunt bull elk into November. Public hunters have the option to choose a November hunt.

HUNT TABLES

CWMU pronghorn permits

The following timeframes are established by the Wildlife Board for hunting opportunities on CWMUs. Hunters should expect to hunt at least 5 days within these timeframes, although the CWMU operator can choose to extend the hunt. Before applying for a CWMU permit, hunters are encouraged to contact the operator to obtain information about hunt dates, permitted weapons and other rules. If you draw a permit, you **must** contact the CWMU operator to confirm your season dates.

Buck pronghorn

Sept. 1, 2009 to Oct. 31, 2009

CWMU pronghorn

Permit fee: Resident \$50, use the 3-digit hunt number to apply.

Nonresidents may only obtain a CWMU permit directly through the operator.

Hunt #	Hunt name	County	Public permits	Operator	Phone numbers
855	Taylor Farms	Box Elder	1	Roger Olsen	(435) 230-0371
856	Mountain Organic	Box Elder	2	Matt Beed	(208) 280-2580
857	Rose of Snowville	Box Elder	2	Ken Krandall	(435) 872-8416 or (435) 872-8416
858	Strawberry Ridge	Cache/Rich	2	Tom Land	(801) 791-6551
859	SJ Ranch	Cache	1	Rick Johnson	(435) 946-3407
860	Deseret	Morgan/ Rich/Weber	18	Rick Danvir	(435) 793-4203 or (435) 793-4161
861	Ensign Ranches	Morgan/ Rich/Weber	1	Travis Murphy	(801) 731-2460 or (801) 430-0876
862	Antelope Creek	Duchesne	2	George Kennedy	(435) 353-4677 or (435) 823-6316
863	Leland Bench	Uintah	1	Alan Smith	(435) 725-3232
864	Skull Valley South	Tooele	1	Travis Murphy	(801) 731-2460
865	Allen Ranch	Utah	1	Brett Baum	(801) 367-0280
866	Westlake	Utah	2	Shayne Ford	(801) 376-8651
867	Zane	Iron	1	Matthew Wood	(435) 586-3159
868	Black Point	Millard	1	Wade Lemon	(435) 795-2299

HUNT TABLES

CWMU bull moose permits

The following timeframes are established by the Wildlife Board for hunting opportunities on CWMUs. Hunters should expect to hunt at least 5 days within these timeframes, although the CWMU operator can choose to extend the hunt. Before applying for a CWMU permit, hunters are encouraged to contact the operator to obtain information about hunt dates, permitted weapons and other rules. If you draw a permit, you **must** contact the CWMU operator to confirm your season dates.

Bull moose

Sept. 1, 2009 to Oct. 31, 2009

CWMU bull moose

Permit fee: Resident \$408, use the 3-digit hunt number to apply.

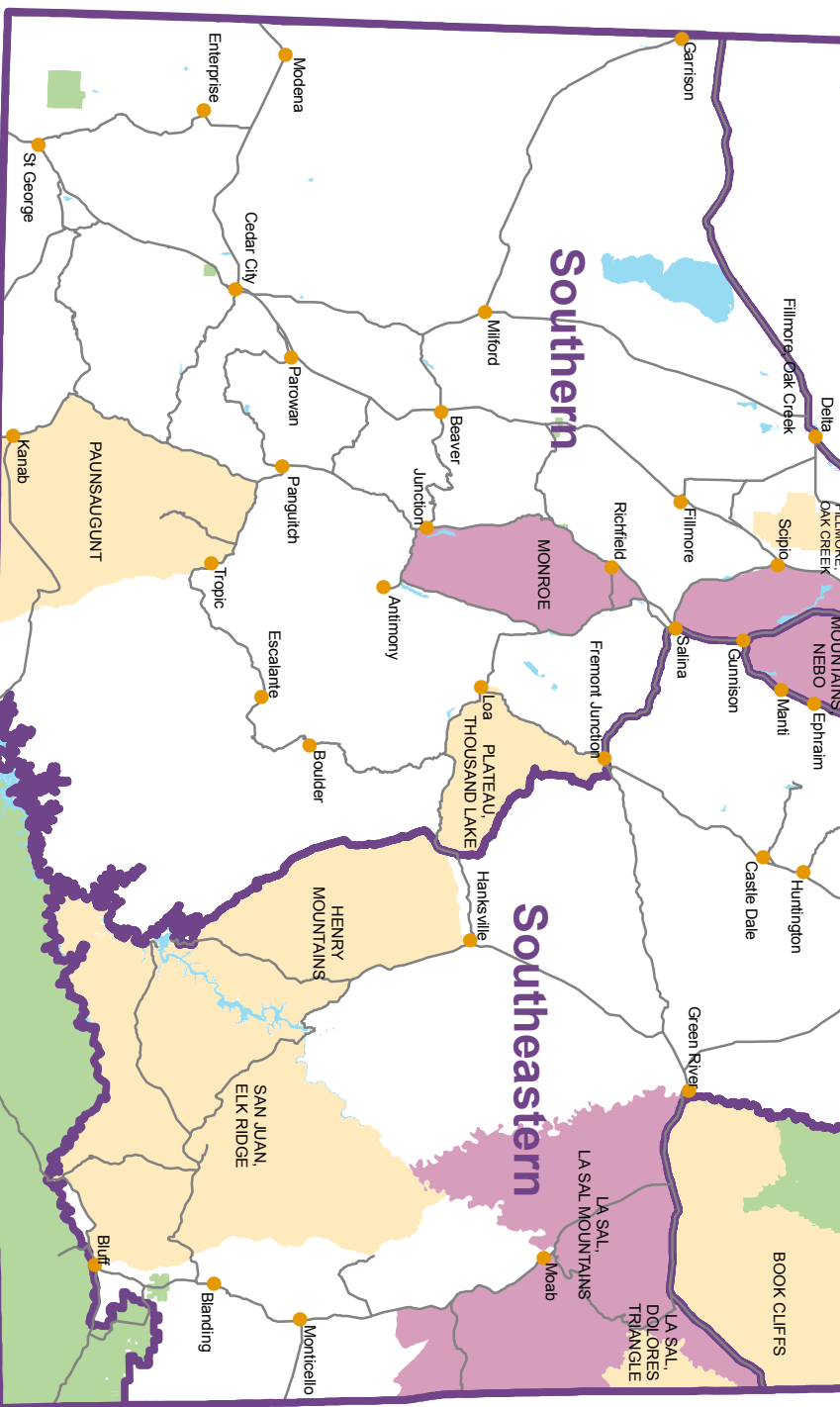
Nonresidents may only obtain a CWMU permit directly through the operator

Hunt #	Hunt name	County	Public permits	Operator	Phone numbers
700	Strawberry Ridge	Cache/Rich	1	Tom Land	(801) 791-6551
701	SJ Ranch	Cache	1	Rick Johnson	(435) 946-3407
702	Bear Spring	Morgan/Weber	1	Justin Richins	(435) 655-5484
703	Broadmouth	Weber	2	Garet Jones	(801) 814-6261 or (801) 814-6261
704	South Canyon	Box Elder/Cache	2	Jed Wayment	(435) 336-4146
705	Sharp Mountain	Cache/Weber	2	Jed Wayment	(435) 366-4146
706	Beaver Hollow	Morgan	2	Scott Nielsen	(801) 891-6520
707	Cedar Canyon	Morgan	1	Bud Keyes	(435) 336-5856
708	Deseret	Morgan/Rich/Weber	2	Rick Danvir	(435) 793-4203 or (435) 793-4161
709	Bastian Ranch	Weber	2	Jay Anderson	(801) 479-0123 or (801) 543-9539
710	Durst Mountain	Morgan	1	John Hansen	(801) 540-2000
711	Folley Ridge	Morgan	2	John Hansen	(801) 540-2000
712	Middle Ridge	Rich	2	Tom Land	(435) 881-4608 or (801) 791-6551
713	Skull Crack	Morgan/Weber	2	Clint Menke	(801) 389-2006 or (801) 745-9604
714	Woodruff Creek South	Rich	2	Ryan Foutz	(801) 243-9882
715	Bally Watts	Morgan, Weber	2	Jed Wayment	(435) 336-4146

HUNT TABLES

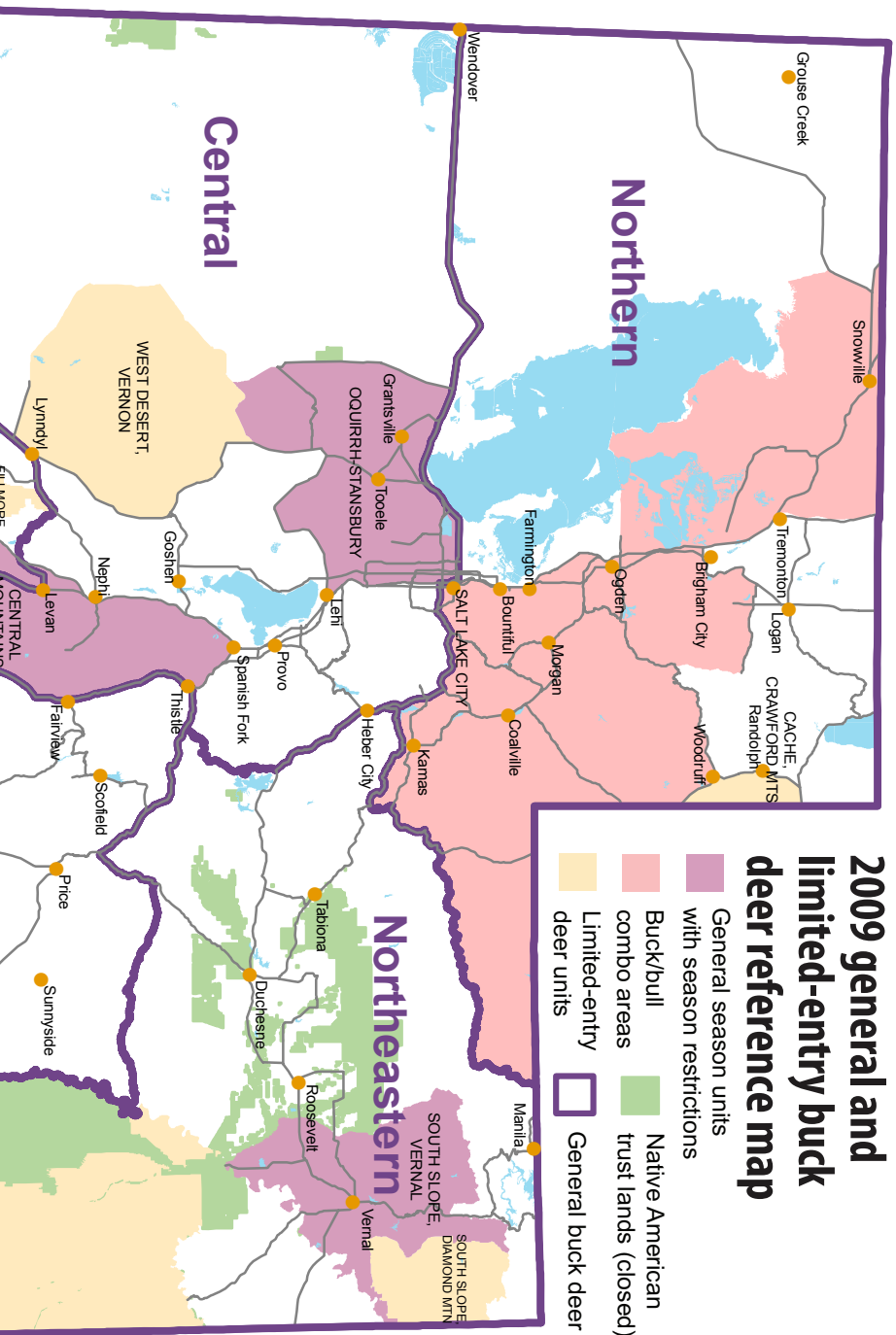
CWMU bull moose (continued)

Hunt #	Hunt name	County	Public permits	Operator	Phone numbers
716	Big Mountain	Morgan/ Summit	1	Mike Macfarlane	(801) 467-2003 or (801) 330-3860
717	Hardscrabble	Davis/ Morgan/ Salt Lake	2	Fred John	(801) 540-3733
718	Jacob's Creek	Davis/ Morgan	1	Justin Richins	(435) 655-5484
719	Lone Tree Taylor Hollow	Morgan/ Summit	1	Kirt Richins	(435) 336-4118
720	East Fork Chalk Creek	Summit	2	Calvin Haskell	(801) 298-0350 or (801) 562-0054
721	Ensign Ranches	Morgan/ Rich/Weber	2	Travis Murphy	(801) 731-2460 or (801) 430-0876
722	Grass Valley/ Clark Canyon	Summit	4	Daniel Richins	(801) 510-5847 or (801) 718-4238
723	State Corner	Summit	1	Greg Bird	(801) 310-4962
724	Two Bear	Summit	2	Kim Rolfe	(801) 255-6710
725	Weber Florence Creek	Summit	4	Steve Woolstenhulme	(435) 336-1373 or (435) 336-0303
726	Little Red Creek	Wasatch	1	Gary Stringham	(801) 380-1055
727	Moon's Ranch	Duchesne	1	Tom Giles	(435) 848-5002
728	Coyote Little Pole	Wasatch	1	David Cummings	(435) 783-3022
729	Three C	Wasatch	1	Jerry Christensen	(435) 654-1819
730	Wallsburg	Wasatch	1	Shayne Ford	(801) 376-8651



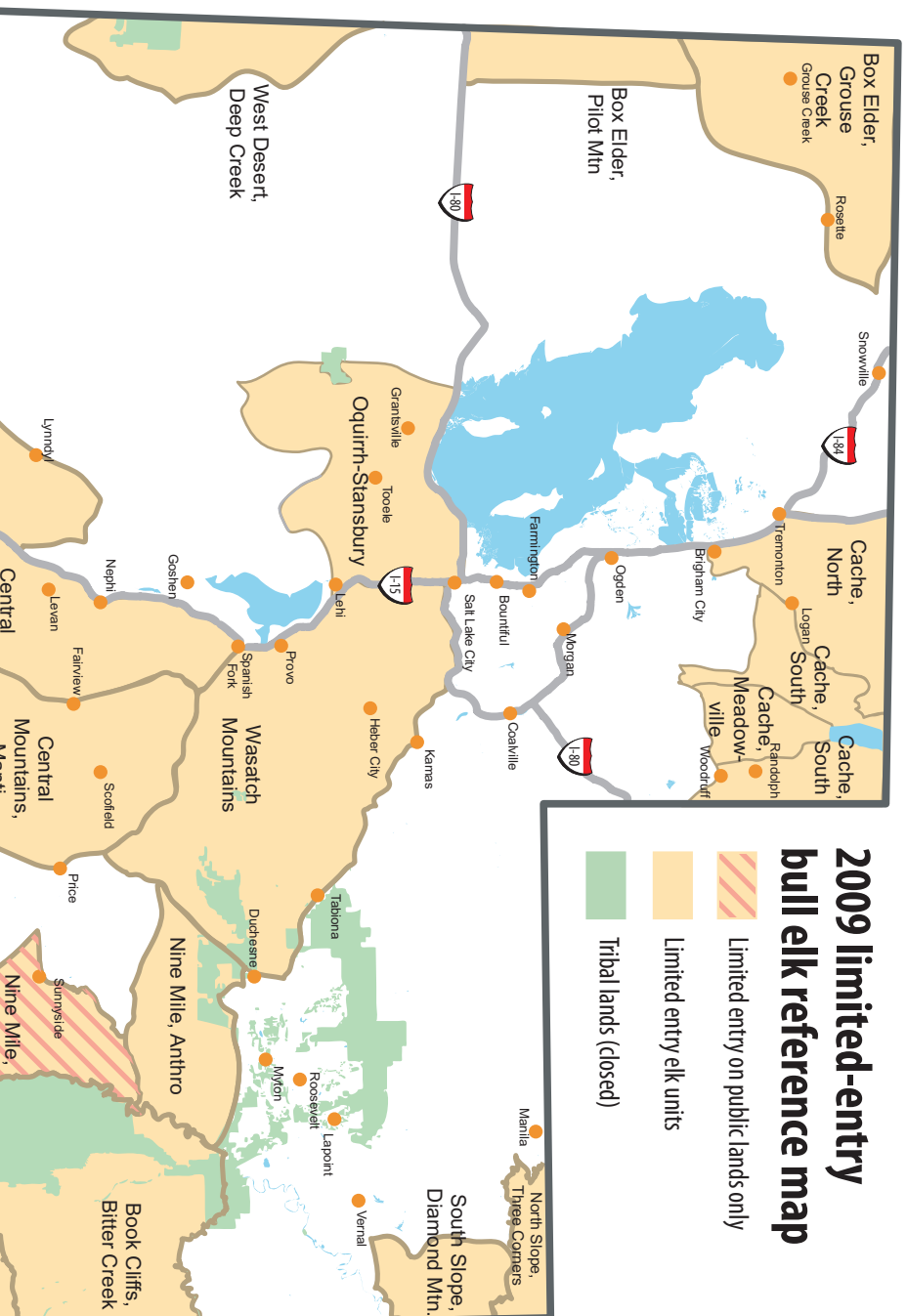
This map is for general reference only. Please visit wildlife.utah.gov/maps for detailed boundary descriptions. All hunt units **exclude** deer CWMUs and Native American Trust Lands.

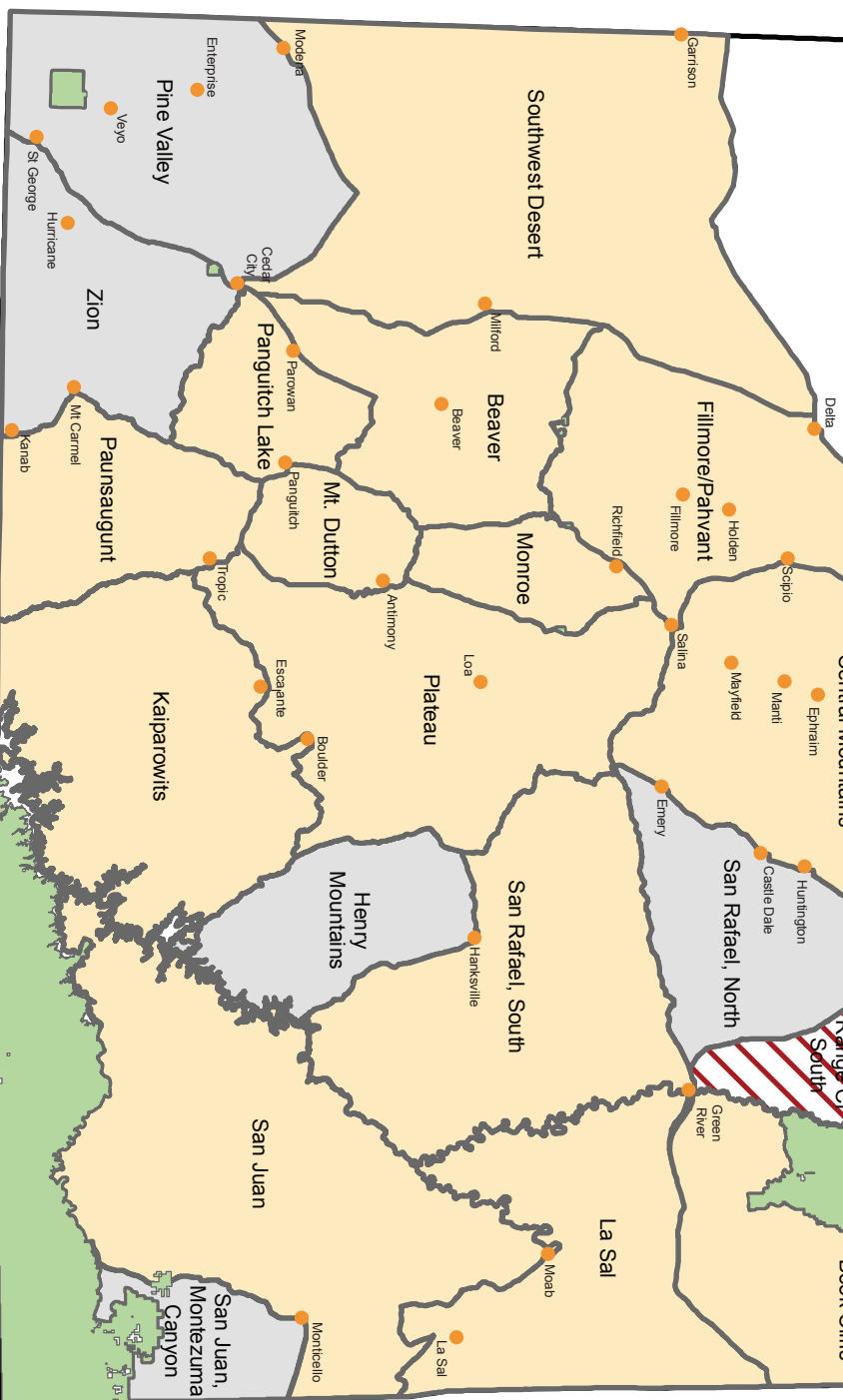
2009 general and limited-entry buck deer reference map



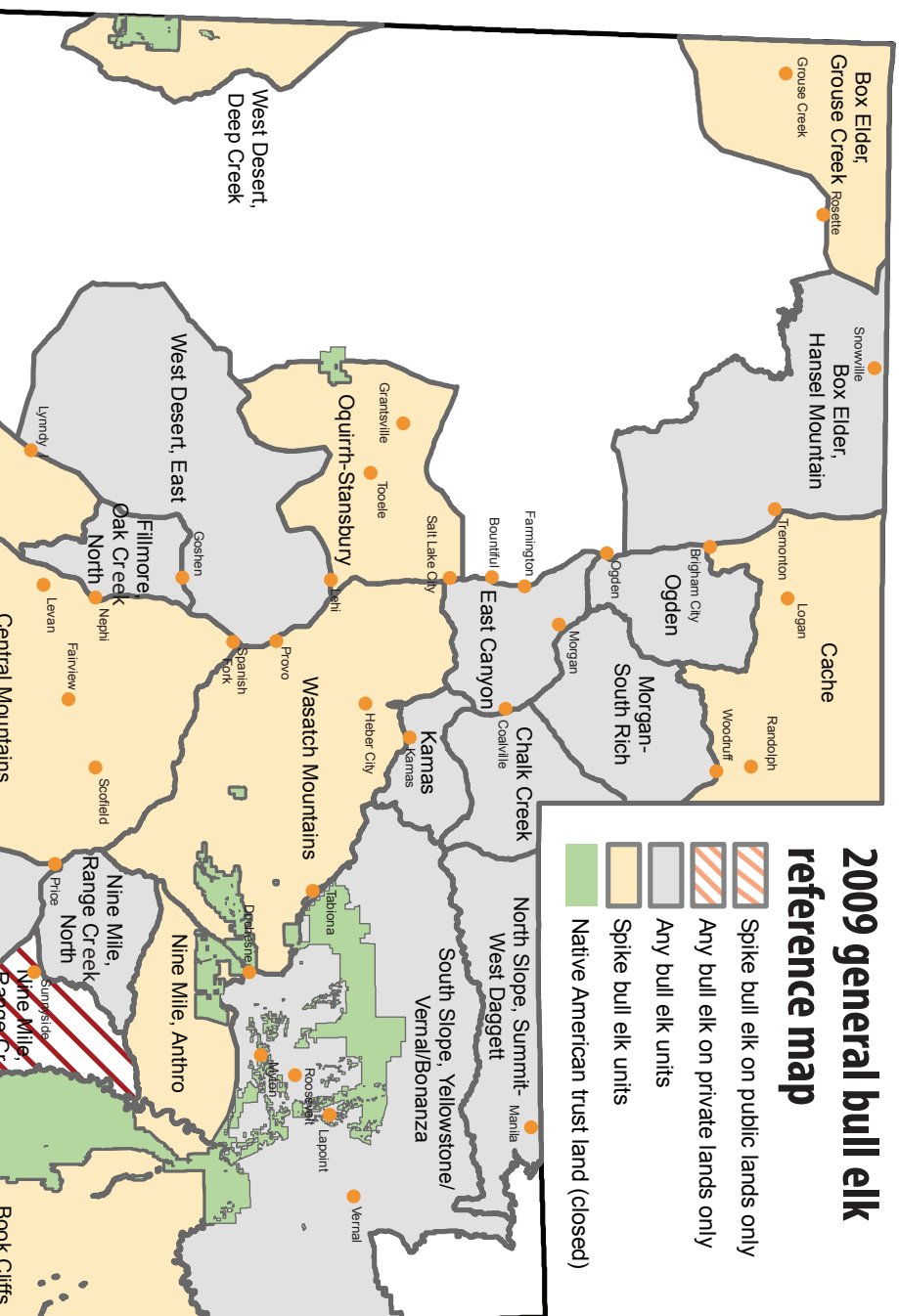


This map is for general reference only. Please visit wildlife.utah.gov/maps for detailed boundary descriptions. All hunt units **exclude** elk CWMLs and Native American Trust Lands.





This map is for general reference only. Please visit wildlife.utah.gov/maps for detailed boundary descriptions. All hunt units **exclude** elk CWMLUs and Native American Trust Lands.



DEFINITIONS

Utah Code § 23-13-2 & Utah Admin. Code R657-5-2 & R657-37

Any legal weapon means the weapons described on pages 41–42 under Firearms and Archery Equipment.

Arrow quiver means a portable arrow case that completely encases all edges of the broadheads.

Big game means species of hoofed protected wildlife.

Carcass means the dead body of an animal or its parts.

Certificate of registration means a document issued under any rule or proclamation of the Wildlife Board granting authority to engage in activities not covered by a license, permit or tag.

CWMU means Cooperative Wildlife Management Unit.

Domicile means the place:

- where an individual has a fixed permanent home and principal establishment;
- to which the individual if absent, intends to return; and
- in which the individual and the individual's family voluntarily reside, not for a special or temporary purpose, but with the intention of making a permanent home.

To create a new domicile an individual must:

- abandon the old domicile; and
- be able to prove that a new domicile has been established.

Highway means the entire width between property lines of every way or place of any nature when any part of it is open to the use of the public as a matter of right for vehicular travel.

Hunter's choice means either sex may be taken.

Hunting means to take or pursue a reptile, amphibian, bird or mammal by any means.

Limited-entry hunt means any hunt that is identified as limited-entry and listed in the hunt table of this guidebook, and that does not include

general or once-in-a-lifetime hunts.

Limited-entry permit means any permit obtained for a limited-entry hunt by any means, including conservation permits, sportsman permits, CWMU permits and limited-entry landowner permits.

Nonresident means a person who does not qualify as a resident.

Once-in-a-lifetime hunt means any hunt that is identified as once-in-a-lifetime and listed in the hunt table of this guidebook, and that does not include general or limited-entry hunts.

Once-in-a-lifetime permit means any permit obtained for a once-in-a-lifetime hunt by any means, including conservation permits, sportsman permits, CWMU permits and limited-entry landowner permits.

Permit means a document, including a stamp, which grants authority to engage in specific activities under the Wildlife Resources Code or a rule or proclamation of the Wildlife Board.

Possession means actual or constructive possession.

Resident means a person who:

- has a fixed permanent home and principal establishment in Utah for six consecutive months immediately preceding the purchase of a license or permit, AND
- DOES NOT claim residency for hunting, fishing or trapping in any other state or country.

An individual retains Utah residency if he or she leaves Utah to serve in the armed forces of the United States, or for religious or educational purposes, and does NOT claim residency for hunting, fishing or trapping in any other state or country.

Members of the armed forces of the United States and dependents are residents as of the date the member reports for duty under assigned orders in Utah if:

- the member is NOT on temporary duty in Utah and does NOT claim residency for hunting, fishing or trapping in any other state or country.
- the member presents a copy of his or her assignment orders to a Division office to verify

the member's qualification as a resident.

A nonresident attending an institution of higher learning in Utah as a full-time student may qualify as a resident if the student has been present in Utah for 60 consecutive days immediately preceding the purchase of the license or permit and does NOT claim residency for hunting, fishing or trapping in any other state or country.

A Utah resident license or permit is invalid if a resident license for hunting, fishing or trapping is purchased in any other state or country. An individual DOES NOT qualify as a resident if he or she is an absentee landowner paying property tax on land in Utah.

Sell means to offer or possess for sale, barter, exchange or trade, or the act of selling, bartering, exchanging or trading.

Spoiled means impairment of the flesh of wildlife which renders it unfit for human consumption.

Tag means a card, label or other identification device issued for attachment to the carcass of protected wildlife.

Take means to:

- hunt, pursue, harass, catch, capture, possess, angle, seine, trap or kill any protected

wildlife; or

- attempt any of the above actions.

Valid application means:

- it is for a species for which the applicant is eligible to possess a permit;
- there is a hunt for that species regardless of estimated permit numbers; and
- there is sufficient information on the application to process the application, including personal information, hunt information, and sufficient payment.

Applications missing any of the above items may still be considered valid if the application is timely corrected through the application correction process.

Vessel means every type of watercraft, other than a seaplane on the water, used or capable of being used as a means of transportation on water.

Waste means to abandon protected wildlife or to allow protected wildlife to spoil or to be used in a manner not normally associated with its beneficial use.

THE FISH BITES THE LURE, AND YET, YOU'RE THE ONE WHO'S HOOKED.

BUY YOUR FISHING LICENSE TODAY.

TAKE ME FISHING
takemefishing.org

DEPREDATION HUNTS FOR DEER, ELK OR PRONGHORN

Utah Admin. Code R657-44

When deer, elk or pronghorn cause damage, the Division may hold hunts that are not listed in this guide. These hunts are called depredation hunts. They occur on short notice, involve small areas and are limited to only a few hunters.

If you're interested in participating in depredation hunts, please fill out the depredation hunter pool application below.

If you participate in any deer, elk or pronghorn depredation hunt, you may not possess an additional permit for that species. The only exceptions are found in the antlerless hunting options described on page 12.

Please remember that you may obtain only one big game permit for any species you want to hunt. For example, you may NOT obtain two buck deer permits.

However, you can obtain a buck deer permit and an antlerless permit, and a bull elk permit and an antlerless elk permit. Please see page 12 of this guide for more information about obtaining antlerless permits.

Depredation hunter pool application

Customer ID: _____ Address: _____

Last name: _____ City: _____

First name: _____ State: _____

Middle name: _____ ZIP: _____

Birth date: _____ Country: _____

Eye color: _____ Height: _____ Home phone: _____

Hair color: _____ Weight: _____ Work phone: _____

Please circle the species you're interested in hunting

Deer

Elk

Antelope

Please forward the completed application to the region where you would like to hunt by Oct. 1, 2009. Applications received after Oct. 1, 2009 will only be considered if adequate numbers of applicants are not available to meet depredation situations.